APPENDIX I

GLOSSARY

A

- **ACCRETION**—Growth or increase in size by gradual addition.
- **ADVECTION**—Horizontal transport of an atmospheric property solely by the motion of the atmosphere.
- **AEROSOLS**—Small droplets of liquid suspended in a gas, such as water in the air.
- **AFWA**—Air Force weather agency.
- **AGL**—Above ground level. Measurements suffixed by the abbreviation AGL refer to height.
- **ALIDADE**—A device frequently used by shipboard navigation personnel to sight objects and read either relative azimuth bearing or true azimuth bearing.
- AMBIENT—A representative reading or measurement for a substance under surrounding conditions.
- ANALOG—Proportional and continuous. An analog recorder draws continuous lines proportional to the electronic signal input. In an analog signal, the sound pitch varies proportionately with the intensity of the signal, and the signal is continuous.
- **ANEMOMETER**—A device used to measure wind speed and/or wind direction. From the Greek word anemo, meaning wind, and modem word meter, meaning measurement device.
- **ANEROID**—Without fluid or without water. An aneroid barometer uses no fluid (mercury).
- **ANOMALOUS**—Irregular or abnormal.
- **ANTICYCLONIC**—Any rotational motion in a clockwise manner in the Northern Hemisphere, or a counter—clockwise manner in the Southern Hemisphere.
- **APPARENT**—The way something appears or is perceived, although it may not be true.
- **ARQ**—Automatic response to query. A method of obtaining data by using AFMEDS or CMW.
- **ASCENSION**—Rising or increasing in elevation.

- **ASOS**—Automated surface observing system.
- **AWSP**—Air weather service pamphlet, now AFP or Air Force pamphlet.
- **AZIMUTH**—The horizontal angular measurement from a fixed reference to a point. The Navy uses angular measurements in clockwise degrees from 0 to 360. When 0 is referenced to true north, the result is a true azimuth bearing. When referenced to an arbitrary direction, such as the bow of a ship, the result is a relative azimuth bearing.

B

- **BACKING**—A change in wind direction in a counterclockwise manner in the Northern Hemisphere, or a clockwise direction in the Southern Hemisphere.
- **BATHYMETRY**—The features and depths underwater.
- **BATHYTHERMOGRAPH**—Any device used to measure and record temperatures through a column of water.

C

- **CALVE**—The process of splitting ice from a glacier to form icebergs.
- CCTV—Closed circuit television.
- **CEILOMETER**—A more sophisticated and automated clinometer used to measure cloud or ceiling heights.
- CIC—Combat information center aboard ship.
- **CLIMATIC**—Any element associated with the climate of an area.
- **CLIMATOLOGY**—The study of the statistical means, frequencies, deviations, and trends of weather elements for an area over a period of time.
- **CLINOMETER**—A device used to obtain an angular elevation measurement of a light spot on a cloud base to determine the cloud or ceiling height. The distance between the meter and the light source must be known.

- **CONDENSATION**—The physical process by which a vapor becomes a liquid. This process releases heat energy.
- **CONDUCTION**—Transmission of energy through a substance by direct molecular contact.
- **CONVECTION**—Motions in a fluid, such as the atmosphere or water, which are predominantly vertical, resulting in a vertical transport of mass and eventually in a mixing of properties and energy.
- CYCLONIC—Any rotational movement in a counterclockwise manner in the Northern Hemisphere, or a clockwise manner in the Southern Hemisphere.

D

DASI—Digital altimeter setting indicator (Navy).

DDN—Defense data network.

DIURNAL—Any change that follows a daily pattern, completing one cycle on a daily basis.

DMS—Position given in degrees, minutes, and seconds of latitude and longitude.

DRIBU—Drifting buoy.

DSN—Defense switched network, an upgrade and name change to the automatic voice network (AUTOVON).

 \mathbf{E}

- **ETAGE**—The layers of the atmosphere by which the different genera of clouds are identified.
- **EVAPORATION**—The change of state process by which a liquid or a solid is transformed into a gaseous state. This process requires the addition of heat to the substance.

F

- FAA—Federal Aviation Administration.
- **FAX**—Short form of facsimile, referring to weather facsimile or a telefacsimile transmission.
- **FLOES**—Pieces of ice broken loose from a sheet of ice that originally formed in the sea (frozen sea water).
- **FNMOC**—Fleet Numerical Meteorology and Oceanography Center, Monterey, California.
- **FRONT**—The interface or transition zone between two air masses of different density. Since temperature

is the most important regulator of atmospheric density, a front almost invariably separates air masses of different temperature.

FRONTAL SURFACE—Refers specifically to the warmer side of an air mass transition zone, and slopes in the vertical toward colder air.

FRONTAL SYSTEM—Simply a system of fronts as they appear on a surface analysis or prognosis chart.

FRONTOGENESIS—The formation of a front.

FRONTOLYSIS—The dissipation or weakening of a front.

G

- GEOPHYSICS—Used to mean working with the physical properties of both the air, land, and water, this term is occasionally used to describe the occupational field of Navy and Marine Corps weather personnel.
- GEOPOTENTIAL HEIGHT—The height of a given point in the atmosphere calculated with respect to the energy in the column of air beneath the point, relative to sea level. In other words, an approximation of the height based on measured temperatures, pressures, and humidity content of the supporting air column, and not necessarily an exact measured height.
- **GHSI**—General heat stress index, similar to apparent temperature.
- **GMT**—Greenwich mean time, a term replaced by Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).

GPM—Geopotential meters, also gallons per minute.

GUST—A brief, rapid increase in wind speed.

Η

HECTOPASCAL (**hPa**)—A unit of 100 pascals used to measure pressure, exactly equivalent to 1 millibar.

HF—High frequency.

- HIGH—An "area of high pressure," referring to a higher atmospheric pressure in the horizontal plane, such as a surface isobaric chart, or an "area of high heights," referring to higher heights in the vertical plane, such as on a constant pressure chart.
- **HYPOTHERMIA**—An abnormally low body temperature.

- **ICAO**—Abbreviation for International Civil Aviation Organization.
- **ICEBERG**—Ice found floating in the sea that originated from glaciers formed from freshwater accumulations of snow.
- IFR—Abbreviation for instrument flight rules.
- **INFRARED** (**IR**)—The portion of the electromagnetic spectrum with wavelengths just slightly longer than visible light energy (heat energy).
- **INVERSION**—With respect to temperature, an increase in temperature with height. Normally, temperature decreases with height in the atmosphere.
- **IRCS**—International radio call sign.
- **ISOTHERMAL**—Having an equal temperature throughout.

K

kn—Alternate abbreviation for knot. In meteorology, the more frequently used abbreviation is "kt," but this should not be confused with the uppercase "KT" meaning kiloton.

L

- LAN—Local area network.
- **LAPSE RATE**—The decrease of an atmospheric variable with height; the variable being temperature unless otherwise specified.
- LCD—Liquid crystal display. A gray or black display of numbers or shapes commonly used in electronics.
- LDATS—Lightning Detection and Tracking System.
- **LEWP**—A radar feature, the line echo wave pattern, normally an indicator of severe weather.
- **LITTORAL**—The coastal zone including the beach to the coastal waters.
- LLWS—Low--level wind shear.
- LOW—An "area of low pressure" in the horizontal plane referring to the isobars on a surface chart, or an "area of low heights," in the vertical plane referring to the height contours on a constant pressure chart.

- **MANOP**—Formatted weather message header that identifies the product type, originator, and area covered by the product.
- MET—U.S. Navy mobile environmental team.
- **METEM TECHNICIAN**—A meteorological electronic equipment maintenance technician, a term usually referring to a Navy ET who has received special training on meteorological equipment in the METEM school.
- **METEOROLOGY**—The study of phenomenon of the atmosphere.
- METVANS—USMC mobile meteorological vans. Highly transportable, completely equipped meteorological facilities constructed as complete modules in cargo containers. Modules may be used independently or connected to form complete, full-spectrum, meteorological support facilities in a forward deployed environment.
- MILS—An angular measurement scale in which 800 mils equals 45 degrees of arc; a circle is 6,400 mils.
- MMF—U.S. Marine Corps mobile meteorological force (weather personnel who operate USMC Metvans).
- **MRC**—Abbreviation for maintenance requirements card used with the 3-M System.
- MRS—Mini rawinsonde system.
- MSL—Mean sea level, a suffix used after altitude measurements.
- MVFR—Marginal visual flight rules.

N

- **NATO**—North Atlantic Treaty Organization.
- NAVMETOCCOM—Short title for Naval Meteorology and Oceanography Command headquartered at the Stennis Space Center, Mississippi.
- **NBC**—An acronym for nuclear, biological, or chemical.
- **NDASI**—Navy digital altimeter setting indicator, also DASI.
- **NDB**—Nondirectional beacon; a radio aircraft navigation aid that allows aircraft to determine the direction of the transmitter.

NIMA—National imagery and mapping agency.

NOAA—National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, a division of the U.S. Department of Commerce.

NODDES—Naval oceanographic data distribution expansion system (used with TESS).

NODDS—Navy oceanographic data distribution system.

NOMOGRAM—Any graphic product used to find solutions to complex calculations.

NOTAM—Notice to airmen.

NUC—An abbreviation for nuclear, used within some NATO messages.

NWS—National Weather Service, a division of NOAA.

0

OA—Abbreviation for shipboard aviation operations division, the shipboard division for which most Aerographer's Mates work.

OAML—Oceanographic and atmospheric master library.

OKTAS—Eighths of the sky.

OOD—Officer of the deck.

OPARS—Optimum path aircraft routing system.

P

PHEL—Physiological heat exposure limit.

PIBAL—An acronym for pilot balloon, a small balloon tracked with a theodolite to determine wind direction and speed.

PIREP—Abbreviation for pilot report.

PMSV—Pilot meteorological service, voice radio.

PREVAILING—The most frequent or most common.

PSYCHROMETER—Any device used to measure dry--bulb temperature (air temperature) and wet-bulb temperature.

Q

QFE—A signal used to indicate the value provided; the station pressure.

QFF—A signal used to indicate the value provided; the sea--level pressure.

QNH—A signal used to indicate the value provided; the minimum altimeter setting for the period of time discussed.

R

RABAL—A method using radar to track a balloon carrying a radar—reflector, and is used to determine upper—level winds.

RADAT—A term used to indicate freezing level information derived from a radiosonde observation.

RADFO—An acronym for radiological fallout.

RADIOSONDE—A device carried aloft by a balloon to measure pressure, temperature, and humidity in the atmosphere.

RAOB—Acronym for radiosonde observation.

RATT—Radio teletype.

RAWINSONDE —Radio--wind sounding. A device carried aloft by a balloon that measures pressure, temperature, humidity, and the slant—-range from the release point. Calculations on the change in pressure (height) and change in slant—-range (distance) yield wind speed and direction.

RBC—Rotating beam ceilometer.

RH—Usual abbreviation for relative humidity.

ROCKETSONDE—A device carried aloft by a rocket which measures pressure, temperature, and humidity as it drifts on a parachute to the ground.

ROCOB—Acronym for rocketsonde observation.

 \mathbf{S}

SALINITY—A measurement of the amount of salts dissolved in sea water.

SAR—Search and rescue.

SLUSH—A mixture of snow and liquid water on the ground.

SMOOS—Shipboard meteorological oceanographic observing system.

SSI—Showalter stability index.

SURFCAST—(or SURFCST) Acronym for surf forecast.

SUROB—Acronym for surf observation.

SYNOPTIC—In general, pertaining to or affording an overall view. In meteorology, this term has become specialized in referring to the use of meteorological

data obtained simultaneously over a wide area for presenting a comprehensive picture of the state of the atmosphere over a given period of time.

T

TACAN—Tactical air navigation, a radio aircraft navigation aid used originally by the military to provide a pilot with direction and distance to a TACAN transmitter.

TIC—Type, intensity, character code used to describe frontal systems.

TRANSMISSOMETER—Any device used to measure the transmission of light through a medium.

TROUGH—(Sometimes spelled TROF) An elongated area of low atmospheric pressure or heights extending outward from a low center; the opposite of a ridge. Also, the lowest portion of a wave cycle; the dip between the wave crests.

U

UHF—Ultra--high frequency radio transmission.

UNREP—Underway replenishment.

UPS—Universal polar stereographic grid system used by the military to locate positions in the polar regions.

UTC—Coordinated Universal Time, usually suffixed with a "Z."

UTM—Universal transverse mercator coordinates; a military coordinated system based on .a series of grids used to locate positions between 84°N and 80°s.

V

VALID—Effective, good.

VEERING—A change in the wind direction in a clockwise manner in the Northern Hemisphere, or a counterclockwise manner in the Southern Hemisphere.

VELOCIMETER—In general, a device used to measure velocity (speed). In oceanography, the sound velocimeter measures the speed of sound in water.

VERTREP—Vertical replenishment by use of helicopters.

VLF—Very--low frequency.

W

WAN—Wide area network.

WBC—Weather broadcast center.

WBGT—Wet--bulb globe temperature, a combined reading of air temperature, wet--bulb temperature, and a temperature inside a black--colored metal (high heat absorbing) ball.

WEATHER—The state of the atmosphere with respect to its effect upon life and human activities.

WEFAX—An acronym for weather facsimile, specifically the NWS service providing satellite imagery and graphic products via a geostationary satellite data broadcast.

WMO—World Meteorological Organization.

WPM—Words per minute.

X

XBT—Expendable bathythermograph, usually refers to the probe that is dropped in the water and not recovered.

XSV—Expendable sound velocimeter, usually refers to the probe that is dropped in the water and not recovered.

APPENDIX II

THE METRIC SYSTEM AND CONVERSION TABLES

THESE PREFIXES MAY BE APPLIED TO ALL SI UNITS

Multiples and Submultiples	Prefixes	Symbols
$1\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ =\ 10^{12}$	tera (těr′á)	T
$1\ 000\ 000\ 000 = 10^{\circ}$	giga (j̃i′gā)	G
$1\ 000\ 000 = 10^{6}$	mega (měg 'á)	M*
$1\ 000 = 10^3$	kilo (kĬl′ō)	k*
$100 = 10^2$	hecto (hěk 'tō)	h
10 = 10	deka (děk′à)	da
$0.1 = 10^{-1}$	deci (děs 'Ĭ)	d
$0.01 = 10^{-2}$	centi (sĕn 'tĬ)	c *
$0.001 = 10^{-3}$	milli (mǐl'Ĭ)	m*
$0.000\ 001\ =\ 10^{-6}$	micro (mi ˈkro)	μ*
$0.000\ 000\ 001 = 10^{-9}$	nano (năn 'ō)	n
$0.000\ 000\ 001\ =\ 10^{-12}$	pico (pē ˈkō)	р
$0.000\ 000\ 000\ 001 = 10^{-15}$	femto (fěm 'tō)	f
$0.000\ 000\ 000\ 000\ 001\ =\ 10^{-18}$	atto (ăt 'tō)	a

*Most commonly used

	COMMON EQ	UIVALENTS	
LENGTH	VOLUME	MASS (WEIGHT)	ABBREVIATIONS
l in = 25.4 mm l in = 2.54 cm l ft = 30.48 cm l yd = 91.44 cm l mi = 5280. ft l mi = 0.868 nmi l mi = 1609.344 m l nmi = 6076.12 ft l nmi = 1852 mi l nmi = 1853 km l nmi = 1.853 km l mm = 0.039 in l cm = 0.394 in l cm = 0.394 in l cm = 0.394 in l cm = 39.37 in l m = 3280.84 ft l km = 3280.84 ft l km = 0.6214 mi l km = 0.5400 nmi l fa = 6 ft	1 in'= 16.387 cc 1 ft'= 1728 in' 1 ft'= 0.02832 m' 1 ft'= 7.48 gal 1 yd'= 27 ft' 1 cm'= 1 m/ 1 cc 1 m' = 1,000 l 1 m' = 35.315 ft' 1 m' = 264.17 gal 1 oz = 2 Tbs 1 oz = 6 tsp 1 pt = 16 oz 1 pt = 2 c 1 pt = 4 qt 1 qt = 0.9464 l 1 gal= 3.7854 l 1 gal= 4 qt 1 gal= 3.7854 l 1 gal= 0.8327 Ig1 1 l = 1000 m/ 1 l = 1 dm' 1 l = 1000 m/ 1 l = 1.057 qt	1 oz = 28.25 gm 1 lb = 453.6 gm 1 lb = 7000 gr 1 lb = 16 oz 1 lb = 0.4536 kg 1 st = 2000 lb 1 st = 907.2 kg 1 st = 0.9072 mt 1 st = 1.12 st 1 lt = 2240 lb 1 lt = 1.12 st 1 mt = 1000 kg 1 mt = 2204.6 lb 1 kg = 2.2046 lb sea water 1 ft'= 64 lb pure water 1 ft'= 64 lb pure water 1 ft'= 62.428 lb 1 md = 1 gm 1 f = 1 kg 1 m' = 1 mt	ac acre atm atmosphere c cup cc cubic centimeter cm centimeter dm decimeter fa fathom ft foot gal US gallon gm gram pr grain hPa hectoPascal Igl Imperial gallon in inch kg kilogram km kilometer kph kilometer/hour kt knot
AREA 1 in²= 6.5 cm²	VELOCITY 1 kt = 1.1507 mph	FORCE (PRESSURE)	ℓ liter lb pound
1 ft ² = 144.0 in ² 1 ft ² = 0.09 m ² 1 yd ² = 9 ft ² 1 yd ² = 1296 in ² 1 yd ² = 0.8 m ² 1 ac = 4840 yd ² 1 ac = 43560 ft ² 1 ac = 0.4 hectare 1 mi ² = 27,878,400 ft ² 1 mi ² = 2,589,988 m ² 1 cm ² = 0.16 in ² 1 m ³ = 10,000 cm ² 1 m ³ = 10,76 ft ²	1 kt = 0.5144 mps 1 kt = 1.852 kmh 1 mph= 0.8690 kt 0.4470 mps 1 mph= 1.6093 kmh 1 mps= 3.6 kph 1 mps= 2.2369 mph 1 mps= 1.9438 kt 1 kph= 0.6214 mph 1 kph= 0.5399 kt	1 hPa = 0.750 mm _{Ng} 1 hPa = 0.0295 in _{Ng} 1 hPa = 100 Pa 1 Pa = 1 Newton/m ² 1 Pa = 100,000dyne/m ³ 1 mm _{Ng} = 1.333 hPa 1 mm _{Ng} = 0.0394 in _{Ng} 1 in _{Ng} = 33.864 hPa 1 in _{Ng} = 25.4 mm _{Ng} 1 atm = 1013.250 hPa 1 atm = 14.7 lb/in ² 1 atm = 760 mm _{Ng} 1 atm = 29.921 in _{Ng} 1 atm = 33 ft _{see mater}	It long ton m meter mb millibar mi statute mile m/ milliliter mm millimeter mph s. mile/hour mps meter/sec mt metric ton nmi nautical mile oz US ounce Pa Pascal pt US pint qt US quart st short ton T tablespoon tsp teaspoon yd yard

TEMPERATURE CONVERSION

FAHRENHEIT (F) TO CELSIUS (C) DEGREES

 $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$ or $C = \frac{F - 32}{1.8}$

*F.	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
	•c	•c	•c	•c	*c	*c	*c	*c	•c	•c
+120	+48.89	+48.94	+49.00	+49.06	+49.11	+49.17	+49.22	+49.28	+49.33	+49.39
119	48.33	48.39	48.44	48.50	48.56	48.61	48.67	48.72	48.78	48.83
118	47.78	47.83	47.89	47.94	48.00	48.06	48.11	48.17	48.22	48.28
117	47.22	47.28	47.33	47.39	47.44	47.50	47.56	47.61	47.67	47.72
116	46.67	46.72	46.78	46.83	46.89	46.94	47.00	47.06	47.11	47.17
+115	+46.11	+46.17	+46.22	+46.28	+46.33	+46.39	+46.44	+46.50	+46.56	+46.61
114	45.56	45.61	45.67	45.72	45.78	45.83	45.89	45.94	46.00	46.06
113	45.00	45.06	45.11	45.17	45.22	45.28	45.33	45.39	45.44	45.50
112	44.44	44.50	44.56	44.61	44.67	44.72	44.78	44.83	44.89	44.94
111	43.89	43.94	44.00	44.06	,44,31	44,17	44.22	44.28	44.33	44.39
+110	+43.33	+43.39	+43.44	+43.50	+43.56	+43.61	+43.67	+43.72	+43.78	+43.83
109	42.78	42.83	42.89	42.94	43.00	43.06	43.11	43.17	43.22	43.28
108	42.22	42.28	42.33	42.39	42.44	42.50	42.56	42.61	42.67	42.72
107	41.67	41.72	41.78	41.83	41.89	41.94	42.00	42.06	42.11	42.17
106	41.11	41.17	41.22	41.28	41.33	41.39	41.44	41.50	41.56	41.61
+105	+40.56	+40.61	+40.67	+40.72	+40.78	+40.83	+40.89	+40.94	+41.00	+41.06
104	40.00	40.06	40.11	40.17	40.22	40.28	40.33	40.39	40.44	40.50
103	39.44	39.50	39.56	39.61	39.67	39.72	39.78	39.83	39.89	39.94
102	38.89	38.94	39.00	39.06	39.11	39.17	39.22	39.28	39.33	39.39
101	38.33	38.39	38.44	38.50	38.56	38.61	38.67	38.72	38.78	39.83
+100	+37.78	+37.83	+37.89	+37.94	+38.00	+38.06	+38.11	+38.17	+38.22	+38.28
99	37.22	37.28	37.33	37.39	37.44	37.50	37.56	37.61	37.G7	37.72
98	36.67	36.72	36.78	36.83	36.89	36.94	37.00	37.06	37.11	37.17
97	36.11	36.17	36.22	36.28	36.33	36.39	36.44	36.50	36.56	36.61
96	35.56	35.61	35.67	35.72	35.78	35.83	35.89	35.94	36.00	36.06
+95	+35.00	+35.06	+35.11	+35.17	+35.22	+35.28	+35.33	+35.39	+35.44	+35.50
94	34.44	34.50	34.56	34.61	34.67	34.72	34.78	34.83	34.89	34.94
93	33.89	33.94	34.00	34.06	34,11	34.17	34.22	34.28	34.33	34.39
92	33.33	33.39	33.44	33.50	33.56	33.61	33.67	33.72	33.78	33.83
91	32.78	32.83	32.89	32.94	33.00	33.06	33.11	33.17	33.22	33.28
+90	+32.22	+32.28	+32.33	+32.39	+32.44	+32.50	+32.56	+32.61	+32.67	+32.72
89	31.67	31.72	31.78	31.83	31.89	31.94	32.00	32.06	32.11	32.17
88	31.11	31.17	31.22	31.28	31.33	31.39	31.44	31.50	31.56	31.61
87	30.56	30.61	30.67	30.72	30.78	30.83	30.89	30.94	31.00	31.06
86	30.00	30.06	30.11	30.17	30.22	30.28	30.33	30.39	30.44	30.50
+85	+29.44	+29.50	+29.56	+29.61	+29.67	+29.72	+29.78	+29.83	+29.89	+29.94
84	28.89	28.94	29.00	29.06	29.11	29.17	29.22	29.28	29.33	29.39
83	28.33	28.39	28.44	28.50	28.56	28.61	28.67	28.72	28.78	28.83
82	27.78	27.83	27.89	27.94	28.00	28.06	28.11	28.17	28.22	28.28
81	27.22	27.28	27.33	27.39	27.44	27.50	27.56	27.61	27.67	27.72
+80	+26.67	+26.72	+26.78	+26.83	+26.89	+26.94	+27.00	+27.06	+27.11	+27.17
79	26.11	26.17	26.22	26.28	26.33	26.39	26.44	26.50	26.56	26.61
78	25.56	25.61	25.67	25.72	25.79	25.83	25.89	25.94	26.00	26.0€
77	25.00	25.06	25.11	25.17	25.22	25.28	25.33	25.39	25.44	25.50
76	24.44	24.50	24.56	24.61	24.67	24.72	24.78	24.83	24.89	24.94

·	Rej	portable Vi	sibility Va	lues	
NM	SM	METERS	NM	SM	METERS
0.0 0.05 0.1 0.15 0.2 0.25 0.3 0.4 0.45 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.3	0 1/16 1/8 3/16 1/4 5/16 3/8 1/2 5/8 3/4 1 1-1/8 1-1/4 1-3/8 1-1/2	0000 0100 0200 0300 0400 0500 0600 0700 0800 0900 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1700 1800 2200 2400	1.4 1.5 1.8 1.9 2.2 2.4 2.5 2.7 3.0 4.3 5.0 9.0 9.0	1-5/8 1-3/4 1-7/8 2 2-1/4 2-1/2 2-3/4 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	2600 2800 3000 3200 3400 3600 3700 4400 4500 4700 4800 5000 6000 7000 8000 9099 9999 9999 9999

1 statute mile = 5280 feet

= 0.868976 nautical mile

= 1.609344 kilometers

1 kilometer = 3281 feet

= 0.6215 statute mile

= 0.53946 nautical mile

HEIGHT CONVERSION FEET TO METERS CONTINUED

Feet	0	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900
15000	4572	4602	4633	4663	4694	4724	4755	4785	4816	4846
16000	4877	4907	4938	4968	4999	5029	5060	5090	5121	5151
17000	5182	5212	5243	5273	5304	5334	5364	5395	5425	5458
18000	5486	5517	5547	5578	5608	5639	5669	5700	5730	5761
19000	5791	5822	5852	5883	5913	5944	5974	6005	6035	5066
20000	6096	6126	6157	6187	6218	6248	6279	6309	6340	6370
21000	6401	6431	6462	6492	6523	6553	6584	6614	6645	6675
22000	6706	6736	6767	6797	6828	6858	6888	6919	6949	6980
23000	7010	7041	7071	7102	7132	7163	7193	7224	7254	7285
24000	7315	7346	7376	7407	7437	7468	7498	752 9	7559	7590
25000	7620	7650	7681	7711	7742	7772	7803	7833	7864	7894
26000	7925	7955	7986	8016	8047	8077	8108	8138	8169	8199
27000	8230	8260	8291	8221	8352	8382	8412	8443	8473	8504
28000	8534	8565	8595	8626	8656	8687	8717	8748	8778	8809
29000	8839	8870	8900	8931	8961	8992	9022	9053	9083	9114
30000	9144	9174	9205	9235	9266	9296	9327	9357	9388	9418
31000	9449	9479	9510	9540	9571	9601	9632	9662	9693	9723
32000	9754	9784	9815	9845	9876	9906	9936	9967	9997	10028
33000	10058	10089	10119	10150	10180	10211	10241	10272	10302	10333
34000	10363	10394	10424	10455	10485	10516	10546	10577	10607	10638
35000	10668	10699	10729	10759	10790	10820	10851	10881	10912	10942
36000	10973	11003	11034	11064	11095	11125	11158	11186	11217	11247
37000	11278	11308	11339	11369	11400	11430	11461	11491	11521	1:552
38003	11582	11613	11643	11674	11704	11735	11765	11796	11826	11857
39000	11887	11918	11948	11979	12009	12040	12070	12101	12131	12162
40000	12192	12223	12253	12283	12314	12344	12375	12405	12436	12466

TEMPERATURE CONVERSION FAHRENHEIT (F) TO CELSIUS (C) DEGREES CONTINUED

*F	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	8.0	0.9
	•c	•c	•c	*c	•c	*c	•c	•c	*c	•c
-35	-37.22	-37.28	-37.33	-37.39	-37.44	-37.50	-37.56	-37.61	-37.67	-37.72
36	37.78	37.83	37.89	37.94	38.00	38.06	38.11	38.17	38.22	38.28
37	38.33	38.39	38 44	38.50	38.56	38.61	38.67	38.72	38.78	38.83
38	38.89	38.94	39.00	39.06	39.11	39.17	39.22	39.28	39.33	39.39
39	39.44	39.50	39.56	39.61	39.67	39.72	39.78	39.83	39.89	39.94

PRECIPITATION AMOUNT CONVERSION INCHES TO CENTIMETERS

1 inch = 2.54 centimeters 1 centimeters = 0.3937 inch

inch	Centi meter	Inch	Centimeter	Inch	Centimeter	Inch	Centimeter
0	0	0.26	0.66	0.52	1.32	0.78	1.98
0.01	0.03	0.27	0.69	0.53	1.35	0.79	2.01
0.02	0.05	0.28	0.71	0.54	1.37	0.80	2.03
0.03	0.08	0.29	0.74	0.55	1.40	0.81	2.06
0.04	0.10	0.30	0.76	0.56	1.42	0.82	2.08
0.05	0.13	0.31	Q.79	0.57	1.45	0.83	2.11
0,06	0.15	0.32	0.81	0.58	1.47	0.84	2.13
0.07	0.18	0.33	0.84	0.59	1.50	0.85	2.16
80.0	0.20	0.34	0.87	0.60	1.52	0.86	2.18
0.09	0.23	0.35	0.89	0.61	1.55	0.87	2.21
0.10	0,25	0.36	0.91	0.62	1.57	0.88	2.24
0.11	0.28	0.37	0.94	0.63	1.60	0.89	2.26
0.12	0.30	0.38	0.97	0.64	1.63	0.90	2.29
0.13	0.33	0.39	0.99	0.65	1.65	0.91	2.31
0.14	0.36	0.40	1.02	0.66	1.68	0.92	2.34
0.15	0.38	0.41	1.04	0.67	1.70	0.93	2.36
0.16	0.41	0.42	1.07	0.68	1.73	0.94	2.39
0.17	0.43	0.43	1.09	0.69	1.75	0.95	2.41
0.18	0.46	0.44	1.12	0.70	1.78	0.96	2.44
0.19	0.48	0.45	1,14	0.71	1.80	0.97	2.46
0.20	0.51	0.46	1.17	0.72	1.83	0.98	2.49
0.21	0.53	0.47	1.19	0.73	1.85	0.99	2.51
0.22	0.56	0.48	1.22	0.74	1.88	1.00	2.54
0.23	0.58	0.49	1.24	0.75	1.91		
0.24	0.61	0.50	1.27	0.76	1.93		1
0.25	0.64	0.51	1.30	0.77	1.96		1

	. A.	ZIMUTH M	EASUREME	NTS - DEGRI	EES TO MIL	S	
deg	Mils	deg	Mils	deg	Mils	deg	Mils
0	0	90	1600	180	3200	270	4800
5	89	95	1689	185	3289	275	4889
10	178	100	1778	190	3378	280	4978
15	267	105	1867	195	3467	285	5067
20	356	110	1956	200	3556	29 0	5156
25	445	115	2045	205	3645	295	5245
30	533	120	2133	210	3733	300	5333
35	622	125	2222	215	3822	305	5422
40	711	130	2311	220	3911	310	5511
45	800	135	2400	225	4000	315	5600
50	889	140	2489	230	4089	320	5689
55	978	145	2578	235	4178	325	5778
60	1067	150	2667	240	4267	330	5867
65	1156	155	2756	245	4356	335	5956
70	1245	160	2845	250	4445	340	6045
75	1333	165	2933	255	4533	345	6133
80	1422	170	3022	260	4622	350	6222
85	1511	175	3111	265	4711	355	6311
90	1600	180	3200	270	4800	360	6400

TEMPERATURE CONVERSION FAHRENHEIT (F) TO CELSIUS (C) DEGREES CONTINUED

• F	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
	•c	•c	*c	•c	*c	*c	• c	•c	•c	•c
175	+23.89	+23.94	+24.00	+24.06	+24.11	+24.17	+24.22	+24.28	+24.33	+24.39
74	23.33	23.39	23,44	23.50	23.56	23.61	23.67	23.72	23.78	23.83
73	22.78	22.83	22.89	22.94	23.00	23.06	23.11	23.17	23.22	23.28
72	22.22	22.28	22.33	22.39	22.44	22.50	22.56	22.61	22.67	22.72
71	21.67	21,72	21.78	21.83	21.89	21.94	22.00	22.06	22.11	22.17
170	+21.11	+21.17	+21.22	+21.28	+21.33	+21.39	+21,44	+21.50	+21.56	+21.61
69	20.56	20.61	20.67	20.72	20.78	20.83	20.89	20.94	21.00	21.06
68	20.00	20.06	20.11	20.17	20.22	20.28	20.33	20.39	20.44	20.50
67	19.44 18.89	19.50 19.94	19.56 19.00	19.61 19.06	19.67	19.72 19.17	19.78 19.22	19.83 19.28	19.89 19.33	19.94 19.39
00	10.09	19.54	15.00	19.00	19.11	19.17	19.22	19.20	19.33	15.55
+65·····	+18.33	+18.39	+18.44	+18.50	+18.56	+18.61	118.67	+18.72	+18.78	+18.83
63	17.78 17.22	17.83 17.28	17.89 17.33	17.94 17.39	18.00 17.44	18.06 17.50	18.11 17.56	18.17 17.61	18.22 17.67	18.28 17.72
62	16.67	16.72	16.78	16.83	16.89	16.94	17.00	17.06	17.11	17.17
61	16,11	16.17	16.22	16.28	16.33	16.39	16.44	16.50	16.56	16.61
+60	+15.56	15.61	+15.67	+15.72	+15.78	+15.83	115 PO	+15.94	+16.00	+16.06
59	15.00	15.06	15.11	15.17	15.22	15.28	+15.89 15.33	15.39	15.44	15.50
58	14.44	14.50	14.56	14.61	14.67	14.72	14.78	14.83	14.89	14.94
57 ,	13.89	13.94	14.00	14.06	14,11	14,17	14.22	14.28	14,33	14.39
56	13.33	13.39	13.44	13.50	13.56	13.61	13.67	13.72	13.78	13.93
+55	+12.78	+12.83	+12.89	+12.94	+13.00	+13.06	+13.11	+13.17	+13.72	+13.28
54	12.22	12.28	12.33	12.39	12.44	12.50	12.56	12.61	; 2.67	12.72
53	11.67	11.72	11.78	11.83	11.89	11.94	12.00	12.06	12.11	12.17
51	11.11	11,17	11.22	11.28	11.33	11.39	11.44	11.50	11.56	11.61
21	10.56	10.61	10.67	10.72	10.78	10.83	10.89	10.94	11.00	11.06
+50· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+10.00 9.44	+10.06 9.50	+10.11 9.56	+10.17	+10.22	+10.2B	+10.33	+10.39	+10.44	+10.50
48	8.89	8.94	9.00	9.61 9.06	9.67 9.11	9.72 9.17	9.78 9.22	9.83 9.28	9.80 9.33	9.94 9.39
47	8.33	8.39	8.44	8.50	8.56	8.61	8.67	8.72	8.78	8.83
46	7.78	7.83	7.89	7.94	8.00	8.06	8.11	8.17	8.22	8.28
+45	+7.22	+7.28	+7.33	+7.39	+7.44	+7.50	+7.56	+7.61	+7.67	+7.72
44	6.67	6,72	6.78	6.83	6.89	6.94	7.00	7.06	7.11	7.17
43	6.11	6.17	6.22	6.28	6.33	6.39	6.44	6.50	6.56	6.61
42	5.56	5.61	5.67	5.72	5.78	5.83	5.89	5.94	6.00	6.06
41	5.00	5.06	5.11	5.17	5.22	5.28	5.33	5.39	5.44	5.50
+40	+4.44	+4.50	+4.56	+4.61	+4.67	+4.72	+4.78	+4.83	+4.89	+4.94
39	3.89	3,94	4.00	4.06	4.11	4.17	4.22	4.28	4.33	4.39
38· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3.33	3.39	3.44	3.50	3.56	3.61	3.67	3.72	3.78	3.83
36	2.78 2.22	2.83 2.28	2.89 2.33	2.94 2.39	3.00 2.44	3.06 2.50	3.11 2.56	3.17 2.61	3.22 2.67	3.28 2.72
		4.10	2.00	2.55	2.44	2.50	2.50	2.01	2.07	2.72
+35	+1.67	+1.72	£1.78	+1.83	+1.89	+1.94	+2.00	+2.06	+2.11	+2.17
34	+1.11	+1.17	±1.22	+1.28	+1.33	+1.39	+1.44	+1.50	+1.56	+1.61
32	+.56 .00	+.61 +.06	+.67 +.11	+.72 +.17	+.78	+.83	+.89 +.33	4.94	+1.00	+1.06
31	56	50	- 44	39	+.22 33	+.28 28	+.33 22	+.39 17	+,44	+.50 06
+30	_ , . ,	ا ممر	-1.00							
29	-1.11 1.67	-1.06 1.61	-1.00 1.56	94 1.50	89 1.44	83 1.39	78 1,33	72 1.28	67 1.22	61 1.17
28	2.22	2 17	2.11	2.06	2.00	1.94	1.89	1.83	1.78	1.72
27	2.78	2.72	2.67	2.61	2.56	2.50	2,44	2.39	2.33	2.28
26	3.33	3.28	3.22	3,17	3.11	3.06	3.00	2.94	2.89	2.83
+25	-3.89	-3.83	-3.78	-3.72	-3.67	-3.61	-3.56	-3.50	-3.44	-3.39
24	4.44	4.39	4.33	4.28	4.22	4.17	4.11	4.06	4.00	3.94
23	5.00	4.94	4.89	4.83	4.78	4.72	4.67	4.61	4.56	4.50
22	5.56	5.50	5.44	5.39	5.33	5.28	5.22	5.17	5.11	5.06
21	6.11	6.06	6.00	5.94	5.89	5.83	5.78	5.72	5.67	5.61
ACM10143										

TEMPERATURE CONVERSION FAHRENHEIT (F) TO CELSIUS (C) DEGREES CONTINUED

• F	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9
	•c	*c	•c	•c						
	-6.67	-6.61	-6.56	-6.50	-6.44	-6.39	-6.33	-6.28	-6.27	-6.17
+20	7.22	7.17	7.11	7.06	7.00	6.94	6.89	6.83	6.78	6.72
16	7.78	7.72	7.67	7.61	7.56	7.50	7.44	7.39	7.33	7.28
17	8.33	8.28	8.22	8.17	8.11	8.06	8.00	7.94	7.89	7.83
16	8.89	8.83	8.78	8.72	8.67	8.61	8.56	8.50	8.44	8.39
+15	-9.44	-9.39	-9.33	-9.28	-9.22	-9.17	-9.11	-9.06	-9.00	-8.94
14	10.00	9.94	9.89	9.83	9.78	9.72	9.67	9.61	9.56	9.50
13	10.56	10.50	10.44	10.39	10.33	10.28	10.22	10.17	10.11	10.06
12	11.11	11.06 11.61	11.00 11.56	10.94 11.50	10.89 11.44	10.83 11.39	10.78 11.33	10.72 11.28	10.67 11.22	10.61 11.17
+10	-12.22	-12.17	-12.11	-12.06	-12.00	-11.94	-11.89	-11.83	-11.78	-11.72
9	12 78	12.72	12.67	12.61	12.56	12.50	12.44	12.39	12.33	12.28
8	13.33	13.28	13.22	13.17	13.11	13.06	13.00	12.94	12.89	12.83
7	13.89	13.83	13.78	13.72	13.67	13.61	13.56	13.50	13.44	13.39
6	14.44	14.39	14 33	14.28	14.22	14.17	14.11	14.06	14.00	13.94
+5	-15.00	-14.94	-14.89	-14.83	-14.78	-14.72	-14.67	-14,61	-14.56	-14.50
3	15.56	15.50	15.44	15.39	15.33	15.28	15.22	15.17	15.11	15.06
2	16.11 16.67	16.06 16.61	16.00 16.56	15.94 16.50	15.89 16.44	15.83 16.39	15.78	15.72 16.28	15.67 16.22	15.61 16.17
1	17.22	17,17	17.11	17.06	17.00	16.94	16.33 16.89	16.83	16.78	16.72
+0	17.78	17.72	17.67	17.61	17.56	17.50	17.44	17.39	17.33	17.28
-Δ	-17.78	-17.83	-17.89	-17.94	-18.00	-18.06	-18.11	-18,17	-18.22	-18.28
1	18.33	18.39	18.44	18.50	18.56	18.51	18.67	18.72	18.78	18.83
2	18.89	18.94	19.00	19.06	19,11	19.17	19.22	19.28	19.33	19.39
3	19.44	19.50	19.56	19.61	19.67	19.72	19.78	19.83	19.89	19.94
4	20.00	20.06	20.11	20.17	20.22	20.28	20.33	20.39	20.44	20.50
.5.	-20.56	-20.61	-20.67	-20.72	-20.78	-20.83	-20.89	-20.94	-21.00	-21.06
6	21.11	21.17	21.22	21.28	21.33	21.39	21.44	21.50	21.56	21.61
7	21.67	21.72	21.78	21.83	21:89	21.94	22.00	22.06	22.11	22.17
8	22.22 22.78	22.28 22.83	22.33 22.89	22.39	22.44	22.50	22.56 23.11	22.61 23.17	22.67 23.22	22.72 23.28
		22.63		22.94	23.00	23.06			ļ	
-10	-23.33	-23.39	-23.44	-23.50	-23.56	-23.61	-23.67	-23.72	-23.78	-23.83
13	23.89	23.94	24.00	24.06	24.11	24.17	24.22	24.28	24.33	24.39
12	24.44 25.00	24.50 25.06	24.56 25.11	24.61 25.17	24.67 25.22	24.72 25.28	24.78 25.33	24.83 25.39	24.89 25.44	24.94 25.50
14	25.56	25.61	25.67	25.72	25.78	25.83	25.89	25.94	26.00	26.06
-15	-26.11	-26.17	-26.22	-26.28	-26.33	-26.39	-26.44	-26.50	-26.56	-26.61
16	26.67	26.72	26.78	26.83	26.89	26.94	27.00	27.06	27.11	27,17
17	27.22	27.28	27.33	27.39	27.44	27.50	27.56	27.61	27.67	27.72
18	27.78	27.83	27.89	27.94	28.00	28.06	28.11	28.17	28.22	28.28
Ţ	28.33	28.39	28.44	28.50	28.56	28.61	28.67	28.72	28.78	28.83
-20	-28.89	-28.94	-29.00	-29.06	-29.11	-29.17	-29.22	-29.28	-29.33	-29.39
21	29.44	29.50	29.56	29.61	29.67	29.72	29.78	29.83	29.89	29.94
23	30.00 30.56	30.06 30.61	30.11 30.57	30.17	30.22	30.2B	30.33	30.39	30.44	30.50
24	31,11	31.17	30.57	30.72 31.28	30.78 31.33	30.83 31.39	30.89 31.44	30.94 31.50	31.00 31.56	31.06 31.61
-25	-31.67	-31.72	-31.78	-31.83	-31.89	-31.94	-32.00	-32.06	-32.11	-32.17
26	32.22	32.28	32.33	32.39	32,44	32.50	32.56	32.61	32.67	32.72
27	32.78	J2.83	32.89	32.94	33.00	33.06	33.11	33.17	33.22	33.28
28	33.33	33.39	33.44	33.50	33.56	33.61	33.67	33.72	33.78	33.83
29	33.89	33.94	34.00	34.06	34,11	34.17	34.22	34.28	34.33	34.39
-30	-34.44	-34.50	-34.56	-34.61	-34.67	-34.72	-34.78	-34.83	-34.89	-34.94
31	35.00	35.06	35.11	35.17	35.22	35.28	35.33	35.39	35.44	35.50
32	35.56	35.61	35.67	35.72	35.78	35.83	35.89	35.94	36 00	36.06
34	36.11 36.67	36.17 36.72	36.22 36.78	36.28 36.83	36.33 36.89	36.39 36.94	36.44 37.00	36.50 37.06	36.56 37.11	36.61 37,17
AGM10144					50.05	30.34	37.00	37.00		

HEIGHT CONVERSION FEET TO METERS

1 foot = 0.3048006 meter 1 meter = 3.2808 feet

Feet	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	m.	m.	m.	m,	m.	m,	m,	m.	m.	m.
0	0.000	0.305	0.610	0.914	1.219	1.524	1.829	2.134	2.438	2.743
10	3.048	3.353	3.658	3.962	4.267	4.572	4.877	5,182	5.486	5.791
20	6.096	6.401	6.706	7.010	7.315	7.620	7.925	8.230	8.534	8.839
30	9,144	9.449	9.754	10.058	10.363	10.668	10.973	11.278	11.582	11.887
40	12.192	12.497	12,802	13.106	13.411	13,716	14.021	14.326	14.630	14.935
50	15.240	15.545	15.850	16.154	16.459	16.764	17.069	17.374	17.678	17.983
60	18.288	18.593	18.896	19.202	19.507	19.812	20.117	20.422	20.726	21.031
70	21.336	21.641	21.946	22.250	22.555	22.860	23.165	23.470	23.774	24.079
80	24,384	24.689	24.994	25.298	25.603	25.908	26.213	26.518	26.822	27.127
90	27.432	27.737	28.042	28.346	28.651	28.956	29.261	29.566	29.870	30.175
	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	90	90
100	30.48	33.53	36.58	39.62	42.67	45.72	48.77	51.82	54.86	57.91
200	60.96	64.01	67.06	70.10	73.15	76.20	79.25	82.30	85.34	88.39
300	91.44	84.49	97.54	100.58	103.63	106.68	109.73	112.78	115.82	118.87
400	121.92	124.97	128.02	131.06	134.11	137.16	140.21	143.26	146.30	149.35
500	152.40	155.45	158.50	161.54	164.59	167.64	170.69	173.74	176.78	179.83
600	182,88	185.93	188.96	192.02	195.07	198.12	201.17	204.22	207.26	210.31
700	213.36	216.41	219.46	222.50	225.55	228.60	231.65	234.70	237.74	240.79
800	243.84	246.89	249.94	252.98	256.03	259.08	262,13	265.18	268.22	271.27
900	274.32	277.37	280.42	283.46	286.51	289.56	292.51	295.66	298.70	301.75
1000	204.00	207.04	310.00	313.94	316.99	320.04	323.09	326.14	329.18	332.23
	304.80	307.85	310.90 341,38	344.42	347.47	350.52	353.57	356.62	359.67	362.71
1100	335.28 365.76	338.33 368.81	371.86	374.90	377.95	381.00	384.05	387.10	390.14	393.19
1300	396.24	399.29	402.34	405.38	408.43	411.48	414.53	417.58	420.62	423.67
1400	426.72	429.77	432.82	435.86	438.91	441.96	445.01	448.06	451.10	454.15
1600	457.20	460.25	463.30	466.34	469.39	472.44	475,49	478.54	481.58	484.63
1600	467.68	490.73	493.78	496.82	499.87	502.92	505.97	509.02	512.07	515.11
1700	518.16	521.21	524.26	527.31	530.35	533.40	536.45	539.50	542.55	545.59
1800	548.64	551.69	554.74	557.79	560.83	563.88	568.93	569.98	573.03	576.07
1900	579.12	582.17	585.22	588.27	591.31	594.36	597.41	600.46	603.51	606.55
2000	609.60	612.65	615.70	618.75	621.79	624.84	627.89	630.94	633.99	637.03
2100	640.08	643.13	646.18	649.23	652.27	655.32	658.37	661.42	664.47	667.51
2200	670.56	673.61	676.66	679.71	682.75	685.80	688.85	691.90	694.95	697.99
2300	701.04	704.09	707.14	710.19	713.23	716.28	719.33	722.38	725.43	728.47
2400	731.52	734.57	737.62	740.67	743.71	746.76	749.81	752.86	755.91	758.95
2500	762.00	765.05	768.10	771.15	774.19	777.24	780.29	783.34	786.39	789.43
2600	792.48	795.53	798.58	801.63	804.67	807.72	810.77	813.82	816.87	819.91
2700	822.96	826.01	829.06	832.11	835.15	838.20	841.25	844.30	847.35	850.39
2800	853.44	856.49	859.54	862.59	865.63	868.68	871.73	874.78	877.B3	880.87
2900	883.92	886.97	890.02	893.07	896.11	899.16	902.21	905.26	908.31	911.35
3000	914.40	917.45	920.50	923.55	926.59	929.64	932.69	935.74	938.79	941.83
3100	944.88	947.93	950.96	954.03	957.06	960.12	963.17	966.22	969.27	972.31
3200	975.36	978.41	981.46	984.51	987.55	990.60	993.65	996.70	999.75	1002.79
3300	1005.84	1008.89	1011.94	1014,99	1018.03	1021.08	1024.13	1027.18	1030.23	1033.27
3400	1036.32	1039.37	1042.42	1045.47	1048.51	1051.56	1054.61	1057.66	1060.71	1063.75
3500	1066.80	1069.85	1072.90	1075.95	1078.99	1082.04	1085.09	1068.14	1091.19	1094.23
3600	1097.28	1100.33	1103.38	1106.43	1109.47	1112.52	1115.57	1118.62	1121.67	1124.71
3700	1127.76	1130.81	1133.86	1136.91	1139.95	1143.00	1146.05	1149.10	1152.15	1155.19
3800	1158.24	1161.29	1161.34	1167.39	1170.43	1173.48	1176.53	1179.58	1182.63	1185.67
3900	1188.72	1191,77	1194.82	1197.87	1200.91	1203.96	1207.01	1210.06	1213.11	1216.15

HEIGHT CONVERSION FEET TO METERS CONTINUED

Foot	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90
4000	1219.2	1222.3	1225.3	1228.3	1231.4	1234.4	1237.5	1240.5	1243.6	1246.8
4100	1249.7	1252.7	1255.8	1258.8	1261.9	1264.9	1268.0	1271.0	1274.1	1277.1
4200	1280.2	1283.2	1286.3	1289.3	1292.4	1295.4	1298.5	1301.5	1304.5	1307.6
4300	1310.6	1313.7	1316.7	1319,8	1322.8	1325.9	1328.9	1332.0	1335.0	1338.1
4400	1341.1	1344.2	1347.2	1350.3	1353.3	1356.4	1359.4	1362.5	1365.5	1368.6
4400				1	1	ł	ŀ	ŀ	1	
4500	1371.6	1374.7	1377.7	1380.7	1383.8	1386.8	1389.9	1392.9	1396.0	1399.0
4600	1402.1	1405.1	1406.2	1411,2	1414.3	1417.3	1420.4	1423.4	1426.5	1429.5
4700	1432.6	1435.6	1438.7	1441.7	1444.8	1447.8	1450.9	1453.9	1456.9	1460.0
4800	1463.0	1466.1	1469.1	1472.2	1475.2	1478.3	1481.3	1484.4	1487.4	1490.5
4900	1493.5	1496.6	1499.6	1502.7	1505.7	1508.8	1511.8	1514.9	1517.9	1521.0
	i		1		1		1			1551.4
5000	1524.0	1527.1	1530.1	1533.1	1536.2	1539.2	1542.3	1545.J	1548.4 1578.9	1581.9
5100	1554.5	1557.5	1560.6	1563.6	1566.7	1569.7	1572.8	1575.B 1606.3	1609.3	1612.4
5200	1585.0	1588.0	1591.1	1594.1	1597.2	1600.2 1630.7	1603.3 1633.7	1636.8	1639.8	1642.9
5300	1615.4	1618.5	1621.5	1624.6	1627.6 1658.1	1661.2	1664.2	1867.3	1670.3	1673.4
5400	1645.9	1649.0	1652.0	1655.1	1636.1	1001.2	1904.2	1007.3	1070.5	
5500	1676.4	1679.5	1682.5	1685.5	1688.6	1691.6	1694.7	1697.7	1700.8	1703.8
5600	1706.9	1709.9	1713.0	1716.0	1719.1	1722.1	1725.2	1728.2	1731.3	1734.3
5700	1737.4	1740.4	1743.5	1746.5	1749.6	1752.6	1755.7	1758.7	1761.7	1764.8
5800	1767.8	1770.9	1773.9	1777.0	1780.0	1783.1	1786.1	1789.2	1792.2	1795.3
5900	1798.3	1801.4	1804.4	1807.5	1810.5	1813.6	1816.6	1819.7	1822.7	1825.8
3333		1	1	1.00.10]	Į.	1	
6000	1828.8	1831.9	1834.9	1837.9	1841.0	1844.0	1847.1	1850.1	1853.2	1856.2
6100	1859.3	1862.3	1865.4	1868.4	1871.5	1874.5	1877.6	1880.6	1883.7	1886.7
6200	1889.8	1892.8	1895.9	1898.9	1902.0	1905.0	1908.1	1911.1	1914.1	1917.2
6300	1920.2	1923.3	1926.3	1929.4	1932.4	1935.5	1938.5	1941.6	1944.6	1947.7
6400	1950.7	1953.8	1956.8	1959.9	1962.9	1966.0	1969.0	1972.1	1975.1	1978.2
	ŀ			}		i				l
6500- · · · · · · · ·	1981.2	1984.3	1987.3	1990.3	1993.4	1996.4	1999.5	2002.5	2005.6	2008.6
6600	2011.7	2014.7	2017.8	2020.8	2023.9	2026.9	2030.0	2033.0	2036.1	2039.1
6700	2042.2	2045.2	2048.3	2051.3	2054.4	2057.4	2060.5	2063.5	2066.5	2069.6
6800	2072.6	2075.7	2078.7	2061.8	2084.8	2087.9	2090.9	2094.0	2097.0	2100.1 2130.6
6900	2103.1	2106.2	2109.2	2112.3	2115.3	2118.4	2121.4	2124.5	2127.5	21302
7000			2139.7	2142.7	2145.8	2148.8	2151.9	2154.9	2158.0	2161.0
7100	2133.6 2164.1	2136.7 2167.1	2170.2	2173.2	2175.3	2179.3	2182.4	2185.4	2188.5	2191.5
7200	2194.6	2197.6	2200.7	2203.7	2206.8	2209.8	2212.9	2215.9	2218.9	2222.0
7300	2225.0	2228.1	2231.1	2234.2	2237.2	2240.3	2243.3	2245.4	2249.4	2252.5
7400	2255.5	2258.6	2261.5	2264.7	2267.7	2270.8	2273.8	2276.9	2279.9	2283.0
	1		3.33.12			5			ļ	
7500	2286.0	2289.1	2292.1	2295.1	2298.2	2301.2	2304.3	2307.3	2310.4	2313.4
7600	2316.5	2319.5	2322.6	2325.6	2328.7	2331.7	2334.8	2337.8	2340.9	2343.9
7700	2347.0	2350.0	2353.1	2356.1	2359.2	2362.2	2365.J	2368.3	2371.3	2374.4
7800	2377.4	2380.5	2383.5	2386.6	2389.6	2392.7	2395.7	2398.8	2401.8	2404.9
7900	2407.9	2411.0	2414.0	2417.1	2420.1	2423.2	2426.2	2429.3	2432.3	2435.4
				l						2405
8000	2438.4	2441.5	2444.5	2447.5	2450.6	2453.6	2456.7	2459.7	2462.8	2465.8
8100	2468.9	2471.9	2475.0	2478.0	2481.1	2484.1	2487.2	2490.2	2493.3 2523.7	2496.3 2526.8
8200	2499.4	2502.4	2505.5	2508.5	2511.6	2514.8	2517.7	2520.7	252J.7 2554.2	2557.3
8300	2529.8	2532.9	2535.9	2539.0	2542.0	2545.1	2548.1	2551.2 2581.7	2584.7	2587.8
8400	2560.3	2563.4	2566.4	2569.5	2572.5	2575.6	2678.6	2561.7	2507.7	250/2
8500	2590.8	2593.9	2596.9	2599.9	2603.0	2606.0	2609.1	2612.1	2615.2	2618.2
8600	2621.3	2624.3	2627.4	2630.4	2633.5	2636.5	2639.6	2642.6	2645.7	2648.7
8700	2651.8	2654.8	2657.9	2660.9	2664.0	2667.0	2670.1	2673.1	2676.1	2679.2
8800	2682.2	2685.3	2688.3	2691.4	2694.4	2697.5	2700.5	2703.6	2706.6	2709.7
8900	2712.7	2715.8	2718.8	2721,9	2724.9	2728.0	2731.0	2734.1	2737.1	2740.2
1 5 5						- ,		<u></u>		
	0	100	200	300	400	500	500	700	800	900
		1					l			
9000	2743	2774	2804	2835	2865	2896	2926	2957	2987	3018
10000	3048	3078	3109	3139	3170	3200	3231	3261	3292	3322
11000	3353	3383	3414	3444	3475	3505	3536	3566	3597	3627
12000	3658	3688	3719	3749	3780	3810	3840	3871	3901	3932 4237
14000	3962 4267	3993 4298	4023 4328	4054 4359	4084 4389	4115 4420	4145 4450	4176 4481	4206 4511	4542

NAUTICAL MILES TO KILOMETERS CONVERSION FOR WIND SPEED AND VISIBILITY

1 nautical mile = 6076,11549 feet

1.852 kilometers

= 1,15078 statute miles

1 kilometer = 3281 feet

0.6215 statute miles

0.53946 neutical miles

1 statute mile = 5280 feet

0.8689763 nautical miles

1,609344 kilometers

Nautical Miles	Kilometers	Nautical Miles	Kilometers	Nautical Miles	Kilometers
0	0	26	48.2	52	96.2
1	1.8	27	50.0	53	98.1
2 3	3.7	28	51.8	54	99.9
3	5.6	29	53.7	55	101.8
4	7.4	30	55.5	56	103.6
5	9.3	31	57.4	57	105.5
6	11.1	32	59.2	58	107.3
7	13,0	33	61.1	59	109.2
8	14.8	34	62.9	60	111.0
g	16.7	35	64.8	61	112.9
10	18.5	36	66.6	62	114.7
11	20.4	37	68.5	63	116.6
12	22,2	38	70.3	64	118.4
13	24,1	39	72.2	65	120.3
14	25.9	40	74.0	66	122.1
15	27.8	41	75.9	67	124.0
16	29.6	42	77.7	68	125.8
17	31.5	43	79.6	69	127.7
18	33.3	44	81.4	70	129.5
19	35.2	45	83.3	71	131.4
20	37.0	46	85.1	72	133.2
21	38.9	47	87.0	73	135.1
22	40.7	48	88.8	74	136.9
23	42.6	49	90.7	75	138.8
24	44.4	50	92.5		. 30.0
25	46.3	51	94.4		

INCHES TO HECTOPASCALS (507)

	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09
Inches				ŀ	ECTOPAS	CALS				
28.0	948.2	948.5	948.9	949.2	949.5	949.9	950.2	950.6	950.9	951.2
28.1	951.6	951.9	952.3	952.6	952.9	953.3	953.6	963.9	954.3	954.6
28.2	955.0	955.3	955.6	956.0	956.3	956.7	957.0	957.3	957.7	958.0
28.3	958.3	958.7	959.0	959.4	959.7	960.0	960.4	960.7	961.1	961.4
28.4	961.7	962.1	962.4	967.7	963.1	963.4	963.8	964.1	964.4	964.8
28.5	965.1	965.6	965.8	966.1	966.5	966.8	967.2	967.5	967.8	968.2
28.6	968.5	968.8	969.2	969.5	969.9	970.2	970.5	970.9	971.2	971.6
28.7	971.9	972.2	972.6	972.9	973.2	973.6	973.9	974.3	974.6	974.9
28.8	975.3	975.6	976.0	976.3	976.6	977.0	977.3	977.6	978.0	978.3
28.9	978.7	979.0	979.3	979.7	980.0	980.4	980.7	981.0	981.4	981.7
29.0	982.1	982.4	982.7	983.1	983.4	983.7	984.1	984.4	984.8	985.1
29.1	985.4	985.8	986.1	986.5	986.8	987.1	987.5	987.8	988.1	988.5
29.2	988.8	989.2	989.5	989.8	990.2	990.5	990.9	991.2	991.5	991,9
29.3	992.2	992.5	992.9	993.2	993.6	993.9	994.2	994.6	994.9	995.3
29.4	995.6	995.9	996.3	996.6	997.0	997.3	997.6	998.0	998.3	998.6
29.5	999.0	999.3	999.7	1000.0	1000.3	1000.7	1001.0	1001.4	1001.7	1002.0
29.6	1002.4	1002.7	1003.0	1003.4	1003.7	1004.1	1004.4	1004.7	1005.1	1005.4
29.7	1005.8	1006.1	1006.4	1006.8	1007.1	1007.4	1007.8	1008.1	1008.5	1008.8
29.8	1009.1	1009.5	1009.8	1010.2	1010.5	1010.8	1011.2	1011.5	1011.9	1012.2
29.9	1012.5	1012.9	1013.2	1013.5	1013.9	1014.2	1014.6	1014.9	1015.2	1015.6
30.0	1015.9	1016.3	1016.6	1016.9	1017.3	7017.4	1017.9	1018.3	1018.6	1019.0
30.1	1019.3	1019.6	1020.0	1020.3	1020.7	1021.0	1021.3	1021.7	1022.0	1022.3
30.2	1022.7	1023.0	1023.4	1023.7	1024.0	1024.4	1024.7	1025.1	1025.4	1025.7
30.3	1026.1	1026.4	1026.8	1027.1	1027.4	1027.8	1028.1	1028.4	1028.8	1029.1
30.4	1029.5	1029.8	1030.1	1030.5	1030.8	1031.2	1031.5	1031.8	1032.2	1032.5
30.5	1032.8	1033.2	1033.5	1033.9	1034.2	1034.5	1034.9	1035.2	1035.6	1035.9
30.6	1036.2	1036.6	1036.9	1037.2	1037.6	1037.9	1038.3	1038.6	1038.9	1039.3
30.7	1039.6	1040.0	1040.3	1040.6	1041.0	1041.3	1041.7	1042.0	1042.3	1042.7
30.8	1043.0	1043.3	1043.7	1044.0	1044.4	1044.7	1045.0	1045.4	1045.7	1046.1
30.9	1046.4	1,046.7	1047.1	1047.4	1047.7	1048.1	1048.4	1048.8	1049.1	1049.4

HECTOPASCALS TO INCHES (507)

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7_	8	9
HECTOPASCALS					Inches					
940	27.76	27.79	27.82	27.84	27.88	27.91	27.94	27.96	27.99	28.02
950	28.05	28.08	28.11	28.14	28.17	28.20	28.23	28.26	28.29	28.32
960	28.35	28.38	28.41	28.44	28.47	28.50	28.53	28.56	28.59	28.61
970	28.64	28.67	28.70	28.73	28.76	28.79	28.82	28.85	28.88	28.91
980	28.94	28.97	29.00	29.03	29.06	29.09	29.12	29.15	29.18	29.21
990	29.23	29.26	29.29	29.32	29.35	29.28	29.41	29.44	29.47	29.50
1000	29.53	29.56	29.59	29.62	29.65	29.68	29.71	29.74	29.77	29.80
1010	29.83	29.85	29.88	29.91	29.94	29.97	30.00	30.03	30.06	30.09
1020	30.12	30.15	30.18	30.21	30.24	30.27	30.30	30.33	30.36	30.39
1030	30.42	30.45	30.47	30.50	30.53	30.56	30.59	30.62	30.65	30.68
1040	30.71	30.74	30.77	30.80	30.83	30.86	30.89	30.92	30.95	30.98
1050	31.03	31 .04	31.07	31.10	31.12	31.15	31.18	31.21	31.24	31.27_

Propor-	Inches	.001	.002	. 003	.004	.005	.006	.007	.008	.009
tional Parts	HECTOPASCAL	s 00	.1	٠	.1	.2	.2	.2	.3	.3 _
AGM10148										

APPENDIX III

TIME ZONES

For reckoning time, the surface of the globe has been divided into 24 zones; each is bounded by meridians of 15° of arc, and each is 1 hour in longitude. The initial time zone lies between 7 1/2°E and 7 1/2°W of the Prime Meridian; it is called ZONE ZERO. Each zone, in turn, is designated by the number that represents the difference between local zone time and Coordinated Universal Time (UTC). See figure AIII-1. Zones have been modified near land to accord with the boundaries of the countries or the regions using corresponding time.

The zones lying east of zone zero are numbered 1 through 12 and are designated minus. And for each of the minus zones, the zone number is subtracted from the local time to obtain UTC. The zones west of zone zero are also numbered from 1 through 12 but are designated plus, since the zone number must be added to the local time to get UTC. The twelfth zone is divided by the 180th meridian, the minus half lying in east longitude and the plus half in west longitude. The zone number preceded by a plus or a minus sign constitutes the zone description. In addition to the time zone number, each zone is also designated by a letter A through M (J omitted) for the minus zones, and N through Y for the plus zones. (See top of figure AIII-1.)

Date/time groups (DTGs) are frequently used to express times of specific events, such as the time a message was written. A date/time group always contains 6 digits; The first 2 digits are the day of the month, and the last 4 digits are the time, using the 24-hour clock. The appropriate time zone letter designator follows the 6-digit date/time.

Local times may be used in the text of a message or letter. When local time is used, it must be accompanied by the zone letter-such as 08124. If local time is referred to frequently in the text, the suffix may be omitted provided a covering expression, such as "ALL TIMES QUEBEC", is used.

When it is necessary to indicate a date alone in a message, it is expressed by the day of the month, the three-letter abbreviation of the month, and (if necessary) the last two figures of the year: 3 FEB or 3 FEB 97. A night is expressed by the word *night* and the two dates over which it extends: NIGHT 3/4 FEB 97.

TIME CONVERSION TABLE

The time conversion table (table AIII-1) is useful for converting the time in one zone to the time in any other zone. Vertical columns indicate time zones. Zone Z is UTC. Time in each successive zone to the right of zone Z is 1 hour later, and to the left of zone Z is 1 hour earlier.

To calculate time in zone I when it is 1200 hours in zone U, for example, proceed as follows: Find 1200 in column U and locate the corresponding time in the line in column I (0500). Since both of the times (1200 in zone U and 0500 in zone I) are not in the "same day" area of table AIII-1, the time 0500 in zone I is tomorrow to the time 1200 in zone U. In other words, when it is 1200 in zone U, it is 0500 tomorrow in zone I; or when it is 0500 in zone I, it is 1200 yesterday in zone U.

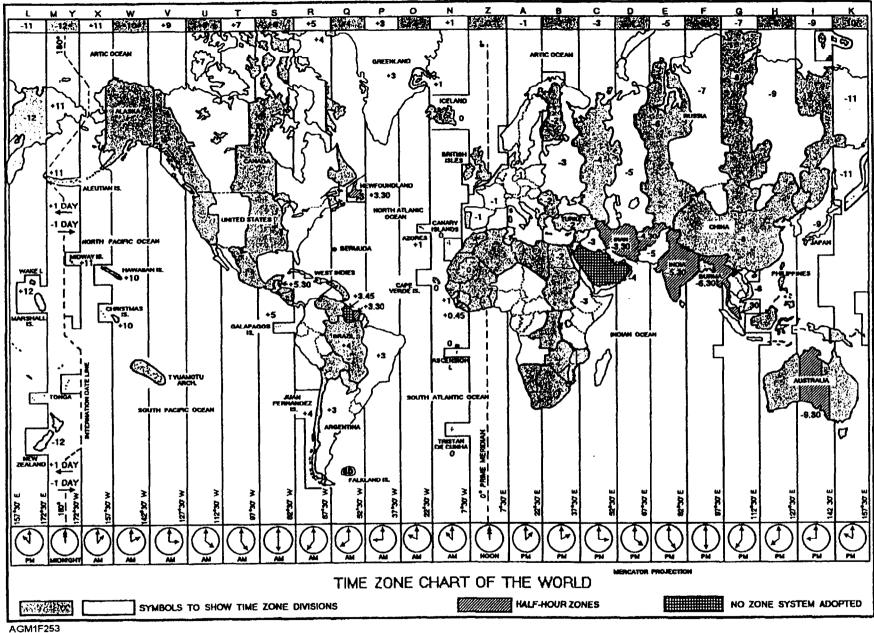


Figure AIII-1.—Time zones of the world.

Table AIII-1.—Time Conversion Table

SAME DAY PREVIOUS DAY	1900 2000 2100 2200 2300 2400 0100 0300 0400 0500 0600 0700 0800 0900 1100 1200 1300 1400	2000 2100 2200 2300 2400 0100 0200 0300 0400 0500 0600 0700 0800 0900 1100 1100 1300 1400 1500	2100 2200 2300 2400 0100 0200 0400 0500 0600 0700 0800 0900 1100 1200 1300 1400 1600	2200 2300 2400 0100 0200 0300 0500 0500 0700 0800 0900 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1700	2300 2400 0100 0200 0400 0500 0600 0700 0800 0900 1100 1200 1400 1500 1700 1800	0100 0200 0300 0400 0500 0700 0800 0900 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1700	0100 0200 0300 0400 0500 0700 0800 0900 1100 1200 1200 1400 1500 1700 1800 1900 2000	0200 0300 0400 0500 0600 0700 0800 0900 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1700 1800 1900 2000 2100	0300 0400 0500 0700 0800 0900 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1700 1800 2000 2100 2200	0400 0500 0600 0800 1000 1100 1200 1300 1500 1500 1700 1800 2000 2100 2200 2300	0500 0600 0700 0800 0900 1000 1200 1200 1500 1600 1700 2000 2100 2200 2300 2400	0600 0700 0800 0900 1000 1100 1200 1300 1500 1600 1700 2000 2100 2200 2200 2300 2400 0100	0700 0800 0900 1000 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1700 2000 2100 2200 2400 0100 0200	0800 0900 1100 1200 1300 1500 1700 1800 2000 2100 2200 2400 0100 0300	0900 1000 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1700 1800 2100 2200 2300 2400 0100 0300 0400	1000 1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1700 2000 2100 2200 2300 2400 0100 0200 0300 0400 0500	1100 1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1800 1900 2100 2200 2300 2400 0100 0300 0400 0500 0600	1200 1300 1400 1500 1600 1700 1800 2000 2100 2200 2300 2400 0100 0400 0500 0600 0700	1300 1400 1500 1700 1700 2000 2100 2200 2300 2400 0100 0300 0400 0500 0600 0800	1400 1500 1600 1700 1800 2000 2100 2200 2400 0100 0200 0400 0500 0700 0700 0900	1500 1600 1700 1900 2000 2100 2200 2400 0100 0300 0400 0500 0600 0700 0800 0900 1000	1600 1700 1800 1900 2100 2200 2300 2400 0100 0300 0400 0500 0600 0700 0800 0900 1100	1700 1800 1900 2100 2200 2300 2400 0100 0500 0600 0700 0800 0900 1000 1100	1800 1900 2000 2100 2200 2400 0100 0200 0300 0400 0500 0600 0700 0800 1000 1100 1100	1900 2000 2100 2300 2300 2400 0100 0200 0500 0500 0500 0700 0800 0900 11000 11000 1200	ME DAY NEX
	1400 1500 1600	1500 1600 1700	1600 1700 1800	1700 1800 1900	1800 1900 2000		2000 2100 2200	2100 2200 2300	2200 2300 2400	2300 2400 0100	2400 0100 0200	0100 0200 0300	0200 0300 0400	0300 0400 0500	0400 0500 0600	0500 0600 0700	0600 0700 0800	0700 0800 0900	0800 0900 1000	0900 1000 1100	1000 1100 1200	1100 1200 1300	1200 1300 1400	1300 1400 1500	1400 1500 1600	. [
	Y +12	X +11	₩ +10	۷ +9	U +8	T +7	\$ +6	R +5	Q +4	P +3	0 +2	N +1	2	A -1	B -2	C -3	D -4	E -5	F -6	G -7	H -8	I -9	K -10	L -11	M -12	

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APPENDIX IV

WMO CODE TABLES

This appendix contains graphic or tabular representations of many of the code tables referenced in this training manual. The wording of the code tables has been simplified in some cases to clarify the meaning.

WMO CODE TABLE	APPENDIX PAGE
0200 - (a) Pressure tendency	AIV-3
0264 - (a_3) Standard isobaric surface	AIV-18
0265 - (a_4) Type of equipment used	AIV-18
0439 - (b _i) Ice of land origin $\ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots \ \ldots$	AIV-17
0500 - (C) Genus of cloud	AIV-3
0509 - (C_H) High cloud reporting codes	AIV-3, 8, 9
0513 - (C_L) Low cloud reporting codes	AIV-3, 4, 5
0515 - (CM) Mid cloud reporting codes	AIV-3, 6, 7
0639 - (c_i) Concentration or arrangement of sea ice	AIV-16
0700 - (D_S) Direction or bearing in one figure	AIV-10
0739 - (\boldsymbol{D}_i) True bearing of principle ice edge	AIV-17
0822 - (d_T) Amount of temperature change	AIV-14
0901 - (E) State of the ground without snow or ice	AIV-11
0975 - (E') State of the ground with snow or ice	AIV-10
1600 - (h) Height above surface of base of lowest cloud	AIV-11
1677 - $(h_S h_S \text{ or } h_t h_t)$ Height in two figures	AIV-12
1690 - $(h_S h_S h_S)$ Height or altitude in three figures	AIV-13
1734 - (I_d) Indicator, hundreds or tens value (hPa)	AIV-19
1751 - (I_S) Ice accretion on ships	AIV-16
1819 - (i_R) Indicator, inclusion or omission of precip data	AIV-14
1855 - (i_W) Indicator, source and units of wind speed $\ .\ .\ .$	AIV-14
1860 - (i_X) Indicator, type of station	AIV-14
2590 - (MMM) Marsden square number	AIV-20
2700 - (N) Total cloud cover	AIV-3, 13
3333 - (Q_C) Quadrant of the globe	AIV-19
3551 - (R_S) Rate of ice accretion on ships	AIV-16
3739 - (\boldsymbol{S}_i) Stage of sea ice development	AIV-18
$3850 - (S_S)$ Sign and type of measurement for SST	AIV-19

3855 - (S_W) Sign and type of measurement for wet-bulb temp	AIV-19
4019 - (t _R) Duration of reference period · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AIV-13
4377 - (VV) Horizontal visibility · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AIV-15
4451 - (V _S) Ship's average speed made good past 3 hours · · · · ·	AIV-10
4561-(W)Past weather · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AIV-3
4677 - (ww) Present weather.	AIV-2
5239 - (Z _i) Ice situation and trend past 3 hours · · · · · · · · ·	AIV-17

The symbol is not plotted for "we symbol is plotted on the station of Refers to "hell" only.	ircle. Refers to "soft half", "smell helf". a	nd Theil".		PRESENT	W ^a Weather				
00	01	02	(CS	O4 [05	06 Widespread dust in	97	08	(S))
Cloud development NOT observable during pest hour.	Clouds generally dissolving or becoming less developed during past hour. \(\)	State of sity on the whole unchanged during pest hour. §	Clouds generally forming or developing during past hour. 1	Visibility reduced by smoler.	Haze.	suspension in the air, NOT raised by wind, all time of observation.	Dust or sand relead by wind, at time of observation.	Well developed dust devit(s) within past hour.	Duststomt or sandstome within sight of or at station during past hour.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16 (•)	17 (]	18	19
Mest.	Patches of shallow fog at station. NOT deeper than 6 feet on land.	More or less certificates shellow fog at station. NOT deeper then 5 feet on land.	Lightning visible, no thunder heard.	Precipitation within sight, but NOT reaching the ground.	Precipitation within sight, reaching the ground, but distant from station.	Precipitation within sight, reaching the ground, near to but NOT at station.	Thunder heard, but no precipitation at the station.	Squell(s) within sight during past hour.	Funnel cloud(s) within sight during pest hour.
20 9	21	*	23	24	25	28 🔻	27 ♦	28	29
Drizzie (NOT treezing and NOT falling as shewers) during past hour, but NOT at time of observation.	Rein (NOT freezing and NOT felling as showers) during past hour, but NOT at time of observation.	Snow (NOT felling as showers) during past hour, but NOT at time of observation.	Rain and snew (NOT falling as shewers) during past hour but NOT at time of observation.	Freezing districtor freezing rain (NOT falling as showers) during pact hour, but NOT at time of observation.	Showers of rain during past hour, but NOT at time of observation.	Showers of snow, or of rain and snow, during past hour, but NOT at time of observation.	Showers of hall, or of hell and rain, during past hour, but NOT at time of observation.	Fog during past hour, but NOT at time of observation.	Thunderstorm (with or without precipitation) during past hour, but NOT at time of observation.
30	31	32	33 €	34	35	36 →	37 →	38	39
Slight or moderate dustatorm or sendatorm, he's decreased during post hour.	Sight or moderate dustsform or sendstorm, no appreciable change during past hour.	Stight or moderate duststorm or sendstorm, has increased during past hour.	Severe dusistorm or sendstorm, has decreased during pest hour.	Severe duststorm or sandstorm, no appreciable change during past hour.	Severe dustslorm or sendalorm, has increased during past hour.	Slight or moderate drifting anow, generally low.	Heavy dritting snew, generally low.	Slight or moderate drilling snow, generally high.	Heavy drilling snow, generally high.
40	41	42	43	4	45	46	47	48	49 🔀
Fog al distance al time of observation, but NOT al station during past hour.	Fog in patches.	Feg. sky discemible, has become thinner during past hour.	Fog. sky NOT discernible, has become thirmer during past hour.	Fog, sky discomble, no approclable change during past hour.	Fog. sky NOT discomble, no oppreciable change during past hour.	Fog, sky discernible, has began er became thicker during past hour.	Fog. sky NOT discemble, hes begun or became thicker during pest hour.	Fog. depósiting rime, sky discorrable.	Fog, depositing rime, sky NOT discerrible.
50 9	51	52 9	53 9	54 9	55 ,,	56	57	50 •	59 7
intermittent drizzle (NOT freezing) stight at time of observation.	Continuous drizzio (NOT freezing) slight al lime of observation.	intermittent drizzle (NOT freazing) mederate at time of observation.	Continuous ditatle (NOT freezing) moderate at time of abservation.	Intermittent drizzle (NOT freezing) thick at time of observation.	Continuous drizzle (NOT fresting) thick at time of observation.	Slight freezing drizzie.	Moderate or thick freezing drizzle.	Drizzie end rain, slight.	Drizzle and rain, moderate or heavy.
60	61	62	63	64 •	65 •	66	67	68 •	69 *
Intermittent rath (NOT freezing) slight at time of observation.	Continuous rate (NOT freezing) slight of time of observation.	informilitant rain (NOT freezing) mederate at time of observation.	Continuous rain (NOT freezing) mederate at time of observation.	intermittent rain (NOT freazing) heavy at time of observation.	Continuous rain (NOT freezing) heavy at time of observation.	Slight freezing rain.	Moderate or heavy freezing rain.	Rein or drizzie end snow, slight.	Rain or drizzle and snow, moderate.
70	71	72 *	73 *	74 *	75 *	76	π	78 - -X	79
intermittent fall of snow fakes, signt at time of observation.	the the Continuous fall of snow fates, slight at these of observation.	intermittent fall of snow flakes, moderate at time of observation.	ন স Continuous fail of snow flates, moderate at time of observation.	fit intermittent fall of snow flakes, heavy at time of observation.	the Continueus fell of snow flakes, heavy at time of observation.	ice crystals (with or without log).	Snow grains (with or without fog).	isolated startite snow crystals (with or without fog).	ice polets (sleet, U.S. definition).
80	81	82	83 •	84 •	85	* 7	87	88	89
Slight rain shower(s).	Moderate or heavy rish shower(s).	Violeni rain shower(s).	Stight shower(s) of rain and snow mixed.	Moderate or heavy shower(s) of rain and snow mixed.	Slight snow shower(s).	Moderate or heavy snow shower(s).	Slight shower(s) of show or small hell with or without rain or rain and snow mixed.	Moderate or heavy shower(s) of show or small hell with or without rain or rain and show miced.	Slight shower(s) of helt 11, with or without rate or rate and snow mixed, not associated with thunder.
90 <u>*</u>	81 77	92	93 [4] • OR [4]	94 (4) or (4) A	95 • OR -	96 *	97 GR	98	99
V Moderate or heavy shower(s) of hall TI, with er without rein and snow mixed, not associated with thunder.	Slight rain at time of observation; thursderstorm during past hour, but NOT at time of observation.	Moderate or heavy rein at time of observation; thunderstom during past hour, bul NOT at the of observation.	Slight snow or rain and snow mixed or half I at time of observation; thunderstorm during past hour, but NOT at time of observation;	Moderate or heavy snow, or rain and snew mixed or hat I at time of observation; flunder- storm during past hour, but NOT at time of observation.	Stight or moderate thunder- sterm without hell t, but with rain and/or snow at time of observation.	Stight or moderate thunder- sterm, with hell I, at time of observation.	He any thunderstorm, without half \$ but with rain and/or snow at time of observation.	Thurderstorm combined with duststorm or sendstorm at time of observation.	Heavy thunderstorm with their of at time of observation.

Figure AIV-1.—Present weather plotting symbols for code figure ww based on WMO Code table 4677.

૧	c _M	C _H	С	w	N Table and the lands	
Clouds of type C	Clouds of type CM	Clouds of type CH	Type of Cloud	Past Weather	Total amount all clouds	Barometer characteristic
,	0	0	0	0	0	0
				Cloud covering 1/2 or less of sky throughout the period.	\bigcup	Rising then falling. Now
No Sc, St, Cu, or Cb clouds.	No Ac, As, or Ne clouds.	No Cl. Cc. or Ce douds.	Ci		No clouds.	higher than, the same as, 3 hours ago.
	' _	1	1	1	1	1
Ragged Cu, other than bad reather, or Cu with little ertical development and eemingly flattened, or both.	As, the greatest part of which is semitransparent through which the sun or moon may be faintly visible	Filaments, strands, or hooks of CI, not increasing.	Ct	Cloud covering more than 1/2 of sky during part of period and covering 1/2 or less during part of period.	One eighth or less, but not zero.	Rising, then steady; or rising, then rising more slowly. Now higher than 3
Priority 6	asthrough ground glass. Priority 9	Priority 9		1_		hours ago.
	2	2	2	2		2
Cu of considerable development, generally towering, with or without	As the greatest part of which is sufficiently dense to hide the sun or moon, or	Dense Ci in patches or twisted sheaves, usually not increasing; or Ci with lowers	<u> </u>	Cloud covering more than 1/2 of sky throughout period.	Toronto de la constante de la	Rising (steadily or unsteadily), Now higher
other Cu or Sc; bases at at same level. Priority 5	Ns. Priority 8	or battlements or resembling cumuliform lufts. Priority 8	Cs		Two eighths	than 3hours ago.
	Ac (most of layer is semi-	3	3	3 S /4	,	3
Cb with tops lacking clear- cut outlines, but are clearly not fibrous, ciriform, or anvil shaped; Cu, Sc, or	transparent) other than crenelated or in cumuliform tuits; cloud elements change	Ci, often anvi-shaped, derived from or associated with Cb.		Sandstorm, or dustatorm,	Three eighths.	Faling or steady, then rising; or rising then rising more rapidly. Now higher
St may be present. Priority 2	but slowly with all bases at a single level. Priority 7	Priority 7	Ac	or drifting or blowing snow.	4 0	than 3 hours ago.
-0-		1	4	=		
Sc formed by spreading out of Cir. Cur may be present also.	Patches of semitransparent Adwhich are at one or more levels; cloud elements are continuously changing.	Ci, hook-shaped and/or filliments, spreading over the sty and generally becoming denser as a whole. Priority 6	As	Fog, or thick haze.	Four eighths.	Steady. Same as three hours ago.
Priority 3	Priority 6	5	5	5	5 ~	15
· ~	Semiltransparent Ac in bands or Ac in one more or less con-	Ci, often in converging bands,		•		
Sc not formed by spreading out of Cu,	tinuous layer gradually spread- ing over sky and usually thick- ening as a whide; the layer may be conside or a double sheet	and Ce or Cs alone but increasing and growing denser as a whole; the continuous veil not exceeding 45" above horizonPriority 5_	Ns	Drizzle,	Five eighths.	Fating, then rising. Now lower than, or the same as 3 hours ago.
Priority 7	B A	6	6	16	6	6
		Cl, often in converging bands, (and Cs or Cs alone but		•		
St in a more or less continuous tayer and/or ragged streds, but no Fs or bad weather.	Ac formed by the spreading out of Cu	increasing and growing denser as a whole; the continuous veil exceeds 45° above horizon but	Sc	Rain.	Six eighths.	Faling then steady; or falling, then falling more stowly. Now lower than 3 hours ago.
Priority 8	Priority 4	sky not totally covered. Priority 4	<u> </u>			
	' ←	25		⁷ *	'	7
Fs and/or Fc of bad weather (scud) usually under As and Ns.	Double-layered Ac or an opaque layer of Ac, not increasing over the ety; or Ac coesisting with As or Ns	Veit of Cs completely covering the sky.	St	Snow, or rain and snow mixed, or ice pellets (sleet).	Seven eighths.	Falling (steedily or unsteedily). Now lower the 3 hours ago.
Priority 9	or with both. Priority 3	Priority 3	8	8	8 -	1
	Ac with sprouts in the form					Steady or rising, then
Cu and Sc (not formed by spreading out of Cu); base of Cu at a different level than base of Sc.	of small towers or battlements or Ac having the appearance of cumuliform tuffs.	Cs not increasing and not completely covering the sky.	Cu	Shower(s).	Eight eighths.	failing; or failing, then fallin more rapidly. Now lower than 3 hours ago.
Priority 4	Priority 2	9	, <u> </u>	• 7	9	9
Cb having a dearly fibrous (cirtiform) top, often anvishaged, with or without Cu,	Ac, generally at several layers in a chaotic sky; dense Cimus is usually	Co alone or Co accompanied by Ci and/or Cs, but Co is the predominate cirriform cloud.		Thunderstorm, with or without precipitation.	Sky obscured, or cloud amount cannot be estimated.	Indicator figure. Regionality agreed elements and NOT "pp" are reported by the netwo code figures.
Sc. St. or soud. Priority 1	present. Prionty 1	Prionty *	Сь	and the separation of the sepa		
	L		0500	4561	2700	0200

Figure AIV-2.—Plotting symbols used for code figures $C_L,\,C_M,\,C_H,\,C,\,W,\,N,\,a.$

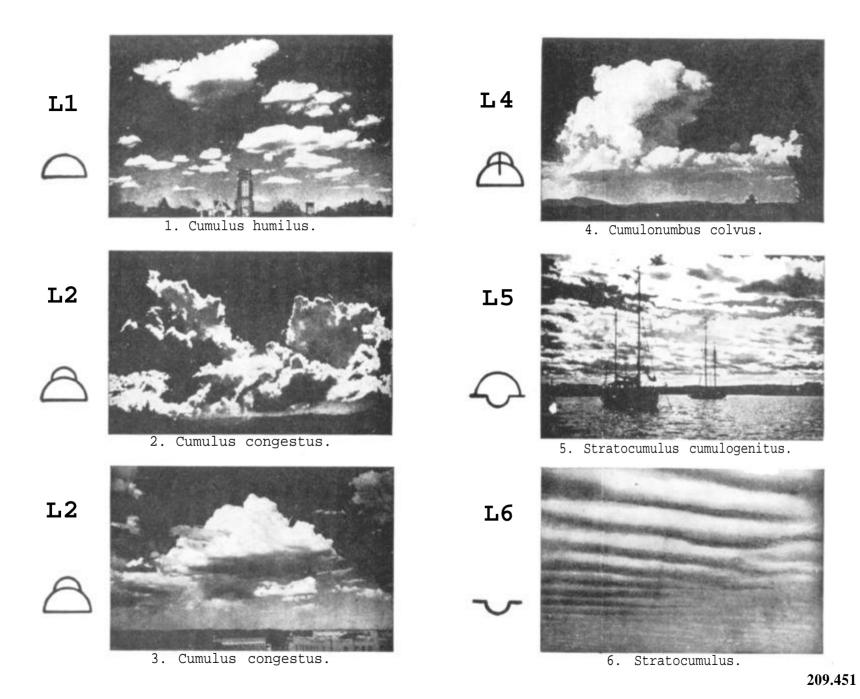


Figure AIV-3.—Examples of the 9 low-level sky states reported for code C_L, based on WMO Code table 0513.



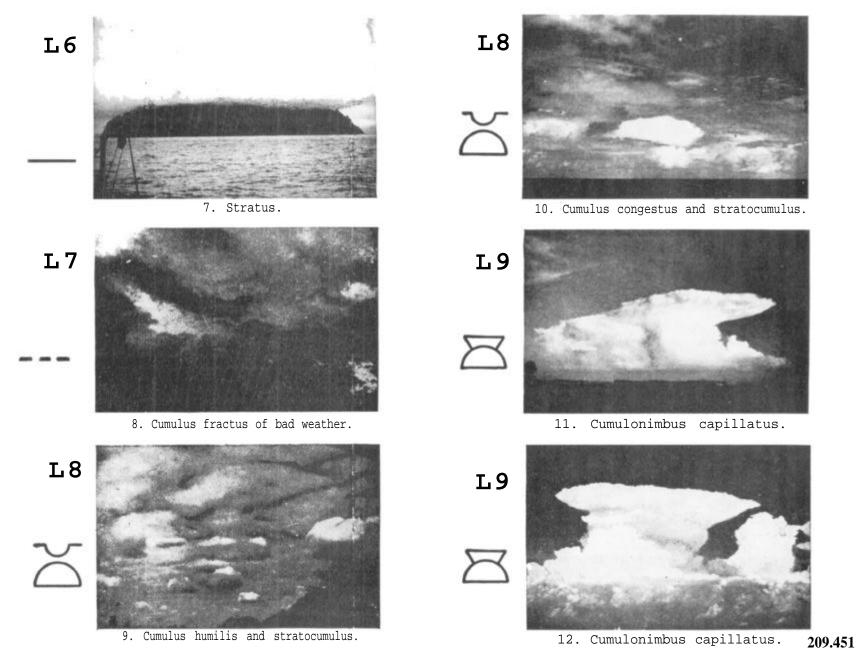


Figure AIV-3.—Examples of the 9 low-level sky states reported for code C_L, based on WMO Code table 0513—Continued.

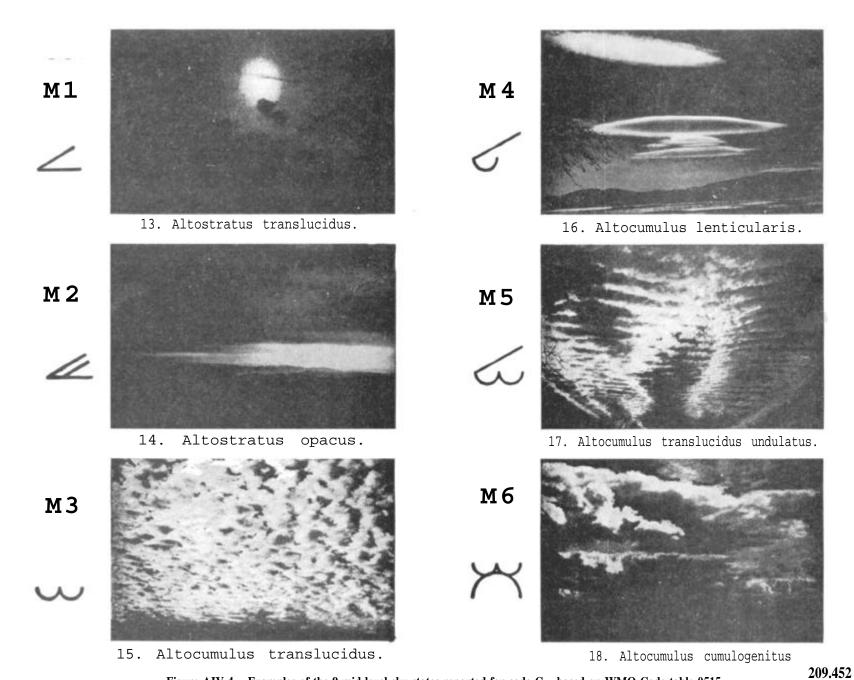


Figure AIV-4.—Examples of the 9 mid-level sky states reported for code C_{M} , based on WMO Code table 0515.

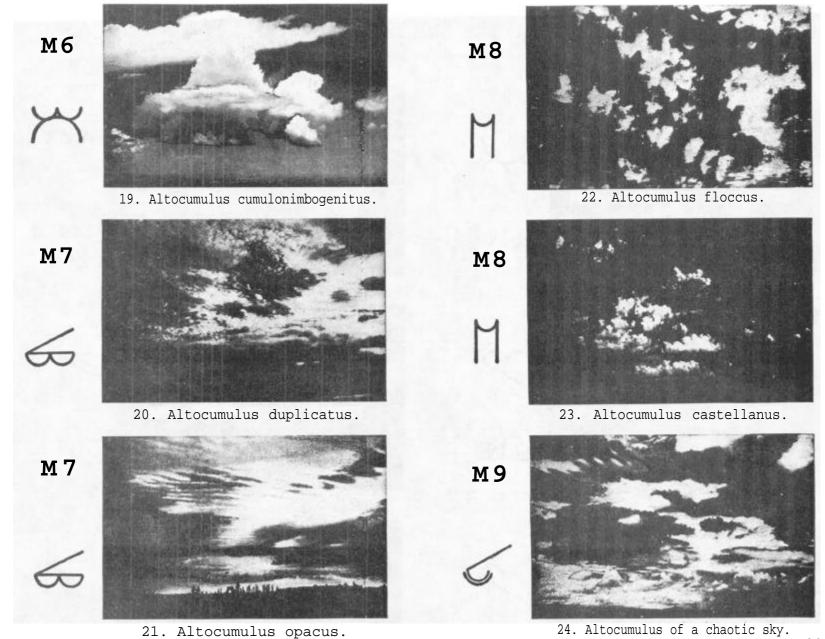


Figure AIV-4.—Examples of the 9 mid-level sky states reported for code C_M, based on WMO Code table 0515—Continued.

209.42

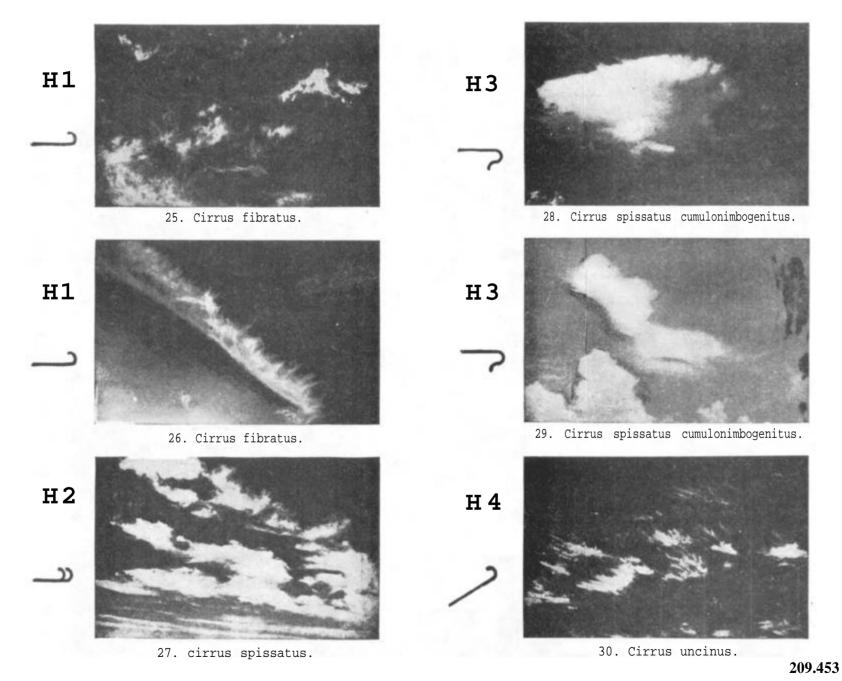
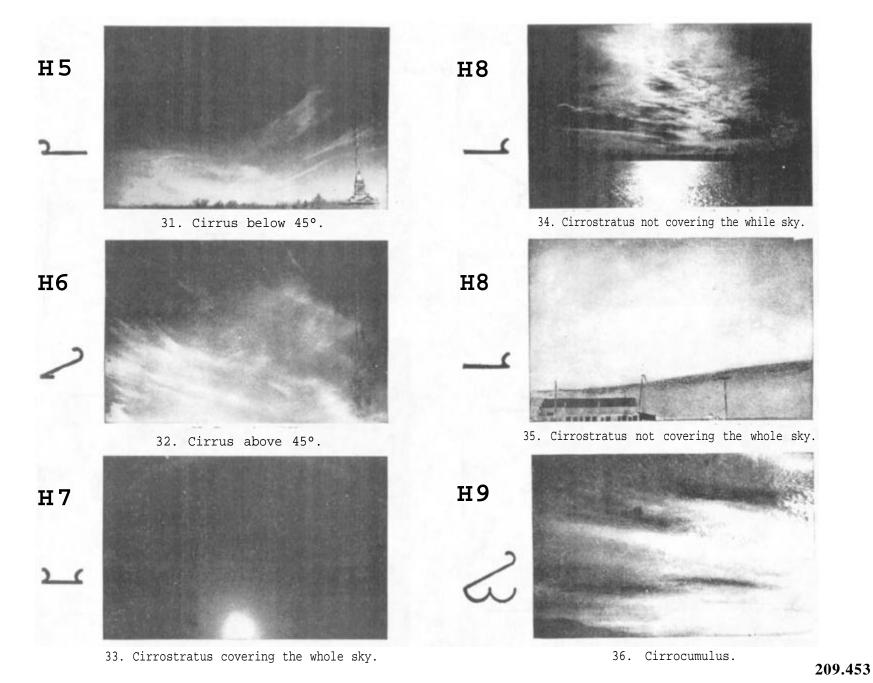


Figure AIV-5.—Examples of the 9 high-level sky states reported for code C_H, based on WMO Code table 0509.



 $Figure\ AIV\text{-}5. \\ -Examples\ of\ the\ 9\ high\text{-}level\ sky\ states\ reported\ for\ code\ C_H,\ based\ on\ WMO\ Code\ table\ 0509\\ -Continued.$

Table AIV-1.—WMO CODE 0700

WMO CODE 0700 Direction or brearing in one figure.						
Reported as to D _a , D _e , D ₁ , D _S	wards:	Reported as $\underline{\text{from:}}$ D, D _H , D _M , D _L , D _K , D _p ,				
Code 7 Northwest	Code 8 North	Code 1 Northeast				
Code 6 West Stat	Code 0 onary or over	Code 2 rhead East				
Code 5 Southwest	Code 4 south	Code 3 Southeast				
Code 9 - All directions, confused, variable, or unknown. Code / - Not reported.						

Table AIV-2.—WMO CODE 0975

WMO CODE 0975 E' - State of the ground with snow or measurable ice cover.				
Code	PREDOMINENT GROUND COVER			
0	Ground predominatly covered by ice.			
1	Compact or wet snow - 0.1 to 0.4 ground covered.			
. 2	Compact or wet snow - 0.5 to 0.9 ground covered.			
3	Compact or wet snow - 1.0 coverage - EVEN layer.			
4	Compact or wet snow - 1.0 coverage - UNEVEN layer.			
5	Loose dry snow - 0.1 to 0.4 ground covered.			
6	Loose dry snow - 0.5 to 0.9 ground covered.			
7	Loose dry snow - complete coverage - EVEN layer.			
8	Loose dry snow - complete coverage - UNEVEN layer.			
9	Snow - complete coverage - DEEP DRIFTS.			

Table AIV-3.—WMO CODE 4451

Code	Speed			
0	0 kt			
1	1 - 5 kt			
2	6 - 10 kt			
3	11 - 15 kt			
4	16 - 20 kt			
5	21 - 25 kt			
6	26 - 30 kt			
7	31 - 35 kt			
8	36 - 40 kt			
9	over 40 kts			
/	Not reported			

Table AIV-4.—WMO CODE 0901

WMO CODE 0901 E - State of the mound without snow or measurable ice cover.				
Code	STATE OF THE GROUND			
0	Dry (without cracks, dust, or lose sand).			
1	Moist.			
2	Wet (standing puddles).			
3	Flooded.			
4	Frozen.			
5	Glaze ice.			
6	Patchy loose dust or sand.			
7	Thin layer of loose dust or sand covers ground completely.			
8	Moderate or thick layer of loose dust or sand covers ground completely.			
9	Extremely dry with cracks.			

Table AIV-5.—WMO CODE 1600

WMO CODE 1600	Code	Meters	*Feet
h - Height above surface of the	0	0 to 49	0 to 99
base of the lowest clouds	1	50 to 99	100 to 299
seen.	2	100 to 199	300 to 699
* II C absorptions use the	3	200 to 299	700 to 999
* U.S. observers use the	4	300 to 599	1000 to 1999
modified scale in feet.	5	600 to 999	2000 to 3299
	6	1000 to 1499	3300 to 4899
	7	1500 to 1999	4900 to 6499
	8	2000 to 2499	6500 to 7999
	9	No clouds or	No clouds or
		≥2500m	≥8000ft
	/	Unknown	Unknown

Table AIV-6.—WMO CODE 1677

WMO CODE 1677

 h_sh_s - Height of base of cloud layer or mass indicated by genus C. h_th_t - Height of tops of low cloud or fog layer.

* U.S. observers use the modified scale in feet.

1	C.S. GEST. VIS USE M. MICHIEL SOURCE M. 1001.										
code	meters	feet	code	meters	feet	code	meters	feet	code	meters	feet
00	<30	<100	25	750	2500	50	1500	5000	75	7500	25000
01	30	100	26	780	2600	51	-		76	7800	26000
02	60	200	27	810	2700	52	not		77	8100	27000
03	90	300	28	840	2800	53	_		78	8400	28000
04	120	400	29	870	2900	54	used		79	8700	29000
05	150	500	30	900	3000	55	-		80	9000	30000
06	180	600	31	930	3100	56	1800	6000	81	10500	35000
07	210	700	32	960	3200	57	2100	7000	82	12000	40000
08	240	800	33	990	3300	58	2400	8000	83	13500	45000
09	270	900	34	1020	3400	59	2700	9000	84	15000	50000
10	300	1000	35	1050	3500	60	3000	10000	85	16500	55000
11	330	1100	36	1080	3600	61	3300	11000	86	18000	60000
12	360	1200	37	1110	3700	62	3600	12000	87	19500	65000
13	390	1300	38	1140	3800	63	3900	13000	88	2 1000	70000
14	420	1400	39	1170	3900	64	4200	14000	89	>2 1000	>70000
15	450	1500	40	1200	4000	65	4500	15000			
16	480	1600	41	1230	4100	66	4800	16000			
17	510	1700	42	1260	4200	67	5100	17000			
18	540	1800	43	1290	4300	68	5400	18000			
19	570	1900	44	1320	4400	69	5700	19000			
20	600	2000	45	1350	4500	70	6000	20000			
21	630	2100	46	1380	4600	71	6300	21000			
22	660	2200	47	1410	4700	72	6600	22000			
23	690	2300	48	1440	4800	73	6900	23000			
24	720	2400	49	1470	4900	74	7200	24000			

Table AIV-7.—WMO CODE 1690

WMO CODE 1690

h_Bh_Bh_B - Height of lowest level of turbulence.

h_ih_ih_i - Height of lowest level of icing.

h_fh_fh_f - Altitude of 0°C isotherm.

h_th_th_t - Altitude of cloud layer or mass.

 $h_x h_x h_x$ - Altitude to which temperature and wind refer.

h_sh_sh_s - Height of base of cloud layer or vertical visibility.

Code figures 000 to 099 are in single-unit increments, code figures 100 to 990 are in ten-unit increments.

Code figures are the number of 30-meter units of height or altitude. This is nearly identical with the U.S. convention of reporting heights or altitudes in hundreds of feet. A few examples follow:

code 000 = <30 meters = <100 feet

code 001 = 1 30-meter increment (30 meters), used as 100 feet

code 002 = 2 30-meter increments (60 meters), used as 200 feet

code 099 = 99 30-meter increments (2970 meters), used as 9,900 feet

code 990 = 990 30-meter increments (29,700 meters), used as 99,000 feet

Table AIV-8.—WMO CODE 2700

WMO CODE 2700

N - Total cloud cover.

 N_h - Amount of cloud in a layer.

N_s - Amount of individual cloud layer with genus indicated by C.

N' - Amount of cloud with base below station level.

Code	Eights	Tenths
0	0	0
1	≤1	≤1
2	2	2-3
3	3	4
4	4	5
5	5	6
6	6	7-8
7	7	9
8	8	10
9 /	Sky obscured Sky condition not obse	erved

Table AIV-9.—WMO CODE 4019

WMO CODE 4019

 \boldsymbol{t}_{R} - Duration of reference period for the amount of precipitation ending at the time of the report.

Code	Period preceeding observation
1	6 hours
2	12 hours
3	18 hours
4	24 hours
5	1 hour
6	2 hours
7	3 hours
8	9 hours
9	15 hours

Table AIV-10.—WMO CODE 1819

WMO CODE 1819							
i _R - Indicator for inclus	i _R - Indicator for inclusion or ommission of precipitation data.						
Code	Code Data group 6RRRt _R is:						
0 1 2 3 4	Included in section 1 & 3. Included in section 1. Included in section 3. Omitted - Precipitation amount = 0). Omitted - Measurement not available.						

Table AIV-11.—WMO CODE 1855

	$\label{eq:wmo} \begin{tabular}{ll} WMO CODE 1855 \\ i_w - Indicator for source and units of wind speed. \\ \end{tabular}$						
i _w - Indicator i							
Code	Source	Units					
0 1	Estimated. From anemometer.	Meters per second.					
3 4	Estimated. From anemometer.	Knots.					

Table AIV-12.—WMO CODE 1860

WMO CODE 1860

 \mathbf{i}_{x} - Indicator for type of station operation and inclusion of present and past weather data.

Code	Station Type	Group 7wwW ₁ W ₂ is:
1	Manned.	Included.
2	Manned.	Omitted - No significant weather.
3	Manned.	Omitted - Not observed.
4	Automatic.	Included (Codes 4677 & 4561).
5	Automatic.	Omitted - No significant weather.
6	Automatic.	Omitted - Not observed.
7	Automatic.	Included (Codes 4680 & 4531).

Table AIV-13—WMO CODE 0822

WMO CODE 0822						
D _T - Amount	D _T - Amount of temperature change					
Code Change						
0	10°C					
1	11°C					
2	12°C					
3	13°C					
4	≥ 14°C					
5	5°C					
6	6°C					
7	7°C					
8	8°C					
9	9°C					

TABLE AIV-14.—WMO CODE 4377

	WMO CODE 4377									
VV-]	VV- Horizontal visibility at the surface.									
KM	MI	CODE	KM	MI	CODE	KM	MI	CODE	KM	CODE
<0.1	<1/16	00	2.6	1 5/8	26	NU		51	26	76
0.1	1/16	01	2.7		27	OS		52	27	77
0.2	1/8	02	2.8	$1^{3}/4$	28	ТЕ		53	28	78
0.3	3/16	03	2.9	_	29	D		54	29	79
0.4	1/4	04	3.0	$1^{-7}/8$	30			55	30	80
0.5	5/16	05	3.1		31					
0.6	3/8	06	3.2	2	32	6	4	56	35	81
0.7		07	3.3		33 .	7		57	40	82
0.8	1/2	08	3.4		34	8	5	58	45	83
0.9		09	3.5	. 1	35	9		59	50	84
1.0	5/8	10	3.6	$2^{-1}/4$	36	10	6	60	55	85
1.1		11	3.7		37	11	7	61	60	86
1.2	3/4	12	3.8		38	12	0	62	65 7 0	87
1.3	- 10	13	3.9	- 1	39	13	8	63	70 7 0	88
1.4 1.5	7/8	14 15	4.0 4.1	$2^{1}/2$	40 41	14 15	9	64 65	>70	89
1.6	1	16	4.2		42	16	10	66	< 0.05	90
1.7	•	17	4.3		43	17	10	67	0.05	91
1.8	1 1/8	18	4.4	$2^{3}/4$	44	18	11	68	0.2	92
1.9		19	4.5		45	19	12	69	0.5	93
2.0	1 1/4	20	4.6		46	20		70	1	94
2.1		21	4.7		47	21	13	71	2	95
2.2	$1^{3}/8$	22	4.8	3	48	22		72	4	96
2.3		23	4.9		49	23	14	73	10	97
2.4	1 1/2	24	5.0		50	24	15	74	20	98
2.5		25				25		75	>50	99

Table AIV-15.—WMO CODE 1751

WMO CODE 1751							
I _s - Ice a	I_s - Ice accretion on ships.						
Code Source of Ice							
1 Ice from ocean spray.							
3	Ice from fog. Ice from spray and fog.						
4 Ice from rain. 5 Ice from spray and rain.							

Table AIV-16.—WMO CODE 3551

	WMO CODE 3551					
R _s - Rate	e of ice accretion on ships.					
Code	Ice increase or decrease					
0 1 2 3 4	Ice not building up. Building up slowly. Building up rapidly. Melting or breaking up slowly. Melting or breaking up rapidly.					

Table AIV-17.—WMO CODE 0639

	WMO C	CODE 0639	
c _i - Cor	ncentration or arrangement of sea ice.		
Code		Description	
0	No ice in sight. Ship in open lead more than 1 nm wide,	or ship in fast ice with ice edge	e out of sight.
2	VERY OPEN PACK ICE - less than .3 sea covered.	Ice concentration uniform in observatin area.	Ship in ice or within .5 nm of ice edge.
3	OPEN PACK ICE3 to .6 sea covered.		
4	CLOSE PACK ICE7 to .8 sea covered.		
5	VERY CLOSE PACK ICE9 sea covered.		
6	Strips or patches of pack ice with open water between.	Ice concentration not uniform.	
7	Strips or patches of close or very-close pack ices with lesser concentration between.		
8	Fast ice with open water or open pack ice seaward.		
9	Fast ice with close or very close pack ice seaward.		
/	Unable to report due to darkness, low vis	sibility, or because ship is more	than .5 nm from ice edge.

Table AIV-18.—WMO CODE 5239

	WMO CODE 5239				
esent ice situation and trend of condi	itions over preceeding 3 hours.				
	Description				
Ship in open water with floating ice in sight. Unable to report; low visibility or darkness.					
Ice easily penetrable - condition improving. Ice easily penetrable - condition unchanging. Ice easily penetrable - condition worsening. Ice difficult to penetrate - condition improving. Ice difficult to penetrate - condition unchanged.					
Ice forming and floes freezing together.	Ice difficult to_penetrate, conditions worsening.				
pressure.					
	Ship in open water with floating Unable to report; low visibility of Ice easily penetrable - condition Ice easily penetrable - condition Ice easily penetrable - condition Ice difficult to penetrate - condition Ice difficult to penetrate - condition Ice forming and floes freezing together. Ice under slight pressure. Ice under moderate or severe	Description Ship in open water with floating ice in sight. Unable to report; low visibility or darkness. Ice easily penetrable - condition improving. Ice easily penetrable - condition unchanging. Ice easily penetrable - condition worsening. Ice difficult to penetrate - condition improving. Ice difficult to penetrate - condition unchanged. Ice forming and floes freezing together. Ice under slight pressure. Ice under moderate or severe pressure.			

Table AIV-19.—WMO CODE 0439

WMO CODE 0439								
b _i - Ic	ee of land origin.							
code	Description							
0	No ice of land origin.							
1	1 - 5 bergs, no growlers or bergy bits.							
2	6 - 10 bergs, no growlers or bergy bits.							
3	11 - 20 bergs, no growlers or bergy bits.							
4	1 - 10 growlers or bergy bits, no bergs.							
4 5	>10 growlers or bergy bits, no bergs.							
6	1 - 5 bergs with growlers or bergy bits.							
7	6 - 10 bergs with growlers or bergy bits.							
8	11 - 20 bergs with growlers or bergy bits.							
9	>20 bergs with growlers or bergy bits -							
	major navigation hazard.							
/	Unable to report because of darkness or visibility.							

Table AIV-20.—WMO CODE 0739

	WMO CODE 073	9
D _i - True bearing of p	orincipal ice edge.	
Code 0 - Ship inshore	or in flaw lead.	
Code 7 Toward NW	Code 8 Toward N	Code 1 Toward NE
Code 6 - Toward W	Tov	vard E - Code 2
Code 5 Toward SW	Code 4 Toward S	Code 3 Toward SE
Code 9 - Not determine Code / - Unable to rep	· •	origin present.

Table AIV-21.—WMO CODE 3739

	WMO CODE 3739								
S _i - Stage of (sea ice) developement.									
Code	Sea ice observed								
0	New ice only (frazil, grease, slush, shuga).								
1	Nilas or ice rind, less than 10 cm thick.								
2	Young ice (grey, grey-white), 10 to 30 cm thick.								
3	Mostly new and/or young ice with some first-year ice.								
4	Mostly thin first-year ice with some new or young ice.								
5	All thin first-year ice, 30 to 70 cm thick.								
6	Mostly medium first-year ice (70 to 120 cm thick) and thick								
	first-year ice (120 cm thick), with some thinner first-year ice.								
7	All medium and thick first-year ice.								
8	Mostly medium and thick first-year ice, with some old ice (usually								
	more than 2 meters thick.								
9	Mostly old ice.								
/	Unable to report: Low visibility, darkness, only ice of land								
	origin present, or ship is more than 0.5 nm from ice edge.								

Table AIV-22.—WMO CODE 0264

WMO CODE 0264							
a ₃ - Standard isobaric surface for which the geopotential height is reported							
Code	Code Level						
1 1000 hPa							
2	925 hPa						
5	500 hPa						
7 700 hPa							
8	850 hPa						

Table AIV-23.—WMO CODE 0265

	WMO CODE 0265								
a ₄ - T	ype of equipment used.								
Code	Equipment								
0	Pressure instrument in sonde								
1	Optical theodolite								
2 Radio theodolite									
3 Radar									
4 Pressure instrument in sonde, but sensor faile									
5	VLF-Omega								
6	Loran-C								
7	Wind profiler								
8	Satellite navigation								
9	Reserved								

Table AIV-24.—WMO CODE 1734

WMO CODE 1734									
I_d - Indicator used to specify the hundreds of hectopascals figure for the level of the last wind report.									
Code	Part A	Part C							
1	100 or 150 hPa	10 hPa							
2	200 or 250 hPa	20 hPa							
3	300 hPa	30 hPa							
4	400 hPa								
5	500 hPa	50 hPa							
7	700 hPa	70 hPa							
8	850 hPa								
9	925 hPa								
. 0	1000 hPa								
/ No winds at any standard level									

Table AIV-25.—WMO CODE 3333

WMO CODE 3333									
Q _c - Quadrant of the globe.									
Code Latitude Longitu									
1	North	East							
3	3 South								
5	West								
7	North	West							

Table AIV-26.—WMO CODE 3850

WMO CODE 3850									
S _s - Indicator	\mathbf{s}_{s} - Indicator for the sign and type of measurement of sea-surface temperature.								
Code	Sign and method								
0	positive or zero intake measurement								
1	negative intake measurement								
2	positive or zero bucket measurement								
3	negative bucket measurement								
4	positive or zero hull contact sensor								
5	negative hull contact sensor								
6	positive or zero neither intake, bucket, or hull								
7	negative neither intake, bucket, or hull								

Table AIV-27.—WMO CODE 3850

	WMO CODE 3850								
S_w - Indicator	S _w - Indicator for sign and type of wet-bulb temperature.								
Code	Code Sign and method								
0	Positive or zero measured wet-bulb temp								
1	Negative measured wet-bulb temp								
2	Iced bulb measured wet-bulb temp								
5	Positive or zero computed wet-bulb temp								
6	Negative computed wet-bulb temp								
7	Iced bulb computed wet-bulb temp								

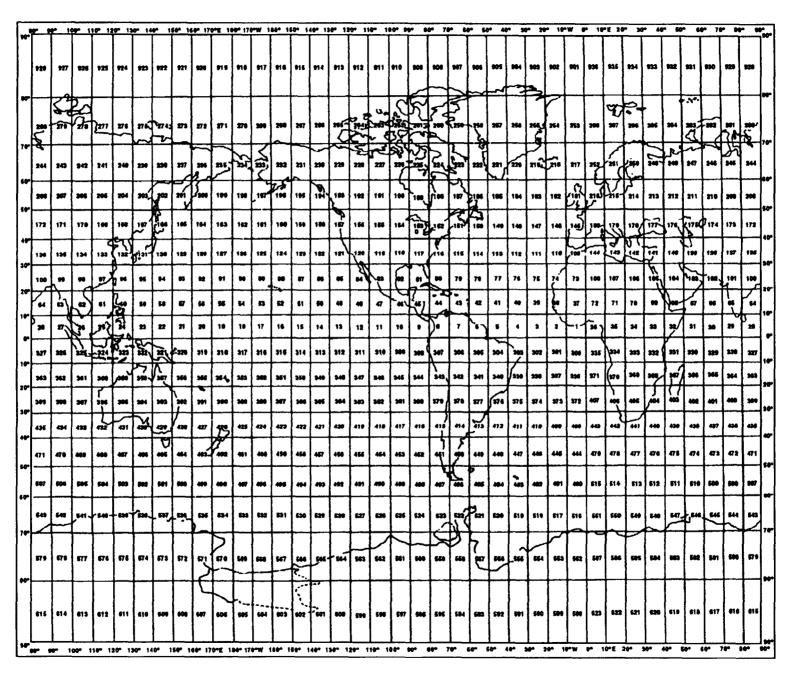


Figure AIV-6.—Marsden square number.

APPENDIX V

DESCRIPTIVE WINDS AND SEAS

WIND	VIND SPEED WORLD			ESTI MATING W	STATE OF THE SEA					
KNOTS	KM PER HOUR	SEAMAN'S LOGICAL ORGANI-ZATION		SEAMAN'S LOGICAL ORGANI-		EFFECTS OBSERVED AT SEA	EFFECTS OBSERVED ON LAND	TERM	CODE	HEIGHT OF WAVES IN FEET
UNDER 1	UNDER 1	CALM	CALM	SEALIKE MIRROR	CALM; SMOKE RISES VERTICALLY.	CALM	0	0		
1-3	1-5	LIGHT AIR	LIGHTAIR	RIPPLES WITH APPEAR ANCE OF SCALES; NO FOAM CRESTS.	SMOKE DRIFT INDICATES WIND DIRECTION; VANES DO NOT MOVE.	GLASSY				
4-6	6-11	LIGHT BREEZE	LIGHT BREEZE	SMALL WAVELETS; CRESTS OF GLASSY APPEARANCE, NOT BREAKING.	WIND FELT ON FACE; LEAVES RUSTLE: VANES BEGIN TO MOVE.	CALM, RIPPLED	1	0 - 1/3		
7-10	12-19	GENTLE BREEZE	GENTLE BREEZE	LARGE WAVELETS; CRESTS BEGIN TO BREAK; SCATTERED WHITECAPS.	LEAVES, SMALL TWIGS IN CONSTANT MOTION; LIGHT FLAGS EXTENDED.	SMOOTH, WAVELETS	2	1/3 - 1 2/3		
11-16	20-28	MODERATE BREEZE	MODERATE BREEZE	SMALL WAVES, BECOMING LONGER; NUMEROUS WHITECAPS.	DUST LEAVES, AND LOOSE PAPER RAISED UP; SMALL BRANCHES MOVE.	SLIGHT	3	2-4		
17-21	29-38	FRESH BREEZE	FRESH BREEZE	MODERATE WAVES, TAKING LONGER FORM; MANY WHITECAPS; SOME S PRAY.	SMALL TREES IN LEAF BEGIN TO SWAY.	MODERATE	4	4-8		
22-27	39-49	STRONG BREEZE	STRONG BREEZE	LARGER WAVES FORMING; WHITECAPS EVERYWHERE; MORE SPRAY.	LARGER BRANCHES OF TREES IN MO- TION; WHISLING HEARD IN WIRES.	ROUGH	5	8-13		
28-33	50-61	MODERATE GALE	NEAR GALE	SEA HEAPS UP; WHITE FOAM FROM BREAKING WAVES BEGINS TO BE BLOWN IN STREAKS.	WHOLE TREES IN MOTION; RESIST- ANCE FELT IN WALKING AGAINST WIND.					
34-40	62-74	FRESH GALE	GALE	MODERATELY HIGH WAVES OF GREATER LENGTH; EDGES OF CRESTS BEGIN TO BREAK INTO SPINDRIFT; FOAM IS BLOWN IN WELL MARKED STREAKS.	TWIGS AND SMALL BRANCHES BROKEN OFF TREES; PROGRESS GENERALLY IMPEDED.	VERY ROUGH	6	13-20		
41-47	41-47 75-88 ST		STRONG GALE	HIGH WAVES; SEA BEGINS TO ROLL; DENSE STREAKS OF FOAM; SPRAY MAY REDUCE VISIBILITY.	SLIGHT STRUCTURAL DAMAGE OCCURS; SLATE BLOWN FROM ROOFS.					
48-55	89-102	WHOLE GALE	STORM	VERY HIGH WAVES WITH OVERHANGING CRESTS; SEATAKES WHITE APPEAR- ANCE AS FOAM IS BLOWN IN VERY DENSE STREAKS; ROLLING IS HEAVY AND VISITIBILITY REDUCED.	SELDOM EXPERIENCED ON LAND; TREES BROKEN OR UPROOTED; CONSIDERABLE STRUCTURAL DAMAGE OCCURS.	HIGH	7	20-30		
56-63	103-117	STORM	VIOLENT STORM	EXCEPTIONAL HIGH WAVES; SEA COVERED WITH WHITE FOAM PATCHES; VISIBILITY STILL MORE REDUCED.	ACTIVIDADELY EVAPOLISMOCID ON	VERY HIGH	8	30-45		
64+	118+	HURRICANE	HURRICANE	AIR FILLED WITH FOAM; SEA COM- PLETELY WHITE DRIVING SPRAY; VISIBILITY GREATLY REDUCED.	VERY RARELY EXPERIENCED ON LAND; USUALLY ACCOMPANIED BY WIDESPREAD DAMAGE.	PHENOMENAL	9	OVER 45		

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WIND AND SEA SCALE FOR FULLY ARISEN SEA

_	WIND AND SEA SCALE FOR FULLY ARISEN SEA													
\vdash	SEA - GENERAL			IND					SE				·	
SEA STATE	DESCRIPTION	BEAUFORT WIND FORCE	DESCRIPTION	RANGE (KNOTS)	WIND VELOCITY (KNOTS)	AVERAGE	SIGNIFICANT THE DISTRIBUTIONS AND THE DISTRI	AVERAGE 1/10 HIGHEST	70	(PERIOD OF MAXIMUM ENERGY OF SPECTRUM	AVERAGE PERIOD	AVERAGE WAVE LENGTH	MINIMUM FETCH (NAUTICAL MILES)	MINIMUM DURATION (HOURS)
H	SEA LIKE A MIRROR	0	CALM	<1	0	0	0	0	•	•	•	-	·	
٥	RIPPLES WITH THE APPERANCE OF SCALES ARE FORMED, BUT WITHOUT FOAM CRESTS.	1	LIGHT AIR	1.3	2	0.05	0.08	0.10	UP TO 1.2 SEC	0.7	0.5	10 IN	5	18 MIN
,	SMALL WAVELETS, STILL SHORT BUT MORE PRONOUNCED: CRESTS HAVE A GLASSY APPEARANCE, BUT DO NOT BREAK.	2	LIGHT BREEZE	4-6	5	0.18	0.29	0.37	0.4 - 2.8	2.0	1.4	6.7 FT	8	39 MIN
'	LARGE WAVELETS, CREST BEGIN TO	3	GENTLE BREEZE	7 - 10	8.5 10	0.6	1.0	1.2	0.8-5.0 1.0-6.0	3.4	2.4	20 27	9.8	1.7 HRS 2.4
H	PERHAPS SCATTERED WHITE HORSES.				12	1.4	2.2	2.8	1.0-7.0 1.4-7.6	4.8 5.4	3.4	40 52	18 24	3.8 4.8
3	SMALL WAVES BECOMING LARGER; FAIRLY FREQUENT WHITE HORSES.	4	MODERATE BREEZE	11 - 16	13.5 14	1.8	2.9 3.3	3.7 4.2	1.5-7.8	5.6	4.0	59	28	5.2
Ľ					16	2.9	4.6 6.1	5.8 7.8	2.0-8.8	6.5 7.2	4.6 5.1	71 90	40 55	6.6 8.3
4	MODERATE WAVES, TAKING A MORE PRONOUNCED LONG FORM; MANY WHITE	5	FRESH	17 - 21	18	3.8 4.3	6.9	8.7	2.8-10.6	7.7	5.4	99	65	9.2
Ŀ	HORSES ARE FORMED. (CHANCE OF SOME SPRAY).		BREEZE		20	5.0	8.0	10	3.0-11.1	6.1	5.7	111	75	10
5	LARGE WAVES BEGIN TO FORM: THE WHITE FOAM CRESTS ARE MORE EXTENSIVE EVERYWHERE. (PROBABLY SOME SPRAY).	6	STRONG BREEZE	22 - 27	22 24 24.5	6.4 7.9 8.2	10 12 13	13 16 17	3.4-12.2 3.7-13.5 3.8-13.6	9.7 9.9	6.8 7.0	134 160 164	100 130 140	12 14 15
6	THE STATE OF THE STATE SOUND FROM				26 28	9.6 11	15	20 23	4.0-14.5 4.5-15.5	10.5 11.3	7.4 7.9	188 212	180 230	17 20
	SEA HEAPS UP AND WHITE FOAM FROM BREAKING WAVES BEGINS TO BE BLOWN IN STREAKS ALONG THE DIRECTION OF THE WIND. (SPINDRIFT BEGINS TO BE SEEN).	7	NEAR GALE	28 - 33	30 30.5 32	14 14 16	22 23 26	28 29 33	4.7-16.7 4.8-17.0 5.0-17.5	12.1 12.4 12.9	8.6 8.7 9.1	250 258 285	280 290 340	23 24 27 30
7	MODERATELY HIGH WAVES OF GREATER LENGTH; EDGES OF CRESTS BREAK INTO SPINDRIFT. THE FOAM IS BLOWN IN WELL MARKED STREAKS ALONG THE DIRECTION OF THE WIND. SPRAY AFFECTS VISIBILITY.	В	FRESH GALE	34 - 40	34 36 37 38 40	19 21 23 25 28	30 35 37 40 45	38 44 46.7 50 58	5.5-18.5 5.8-19.7 8.0-20.5 6.2-20.8 6.5-21.7	15.4 16.1	11.4	322 363 376 392 444	500 530 600 710	34 37 38 42
8	HIGH WAVES, DENSE STREAKS OF FOAM ALONG THE DIRECTION OF THE WIND. SEA	9	STRONG GALE	41 - 47	42 44 46	31 36 40	50 58 64	73 81	7.0-23.0 7.0-24.2 7.0-25.0	17.7	12.5 13.1	534 590	980 1110	52 57
9	BEGINS TO ROLL. VISIBILITY AFFECTED. VERY HIGH WAVES WITH LONG OVERHANGING CRESTS. THE RESULTING FOAM IS IN GREAT PATCHES AND IS BLOWN IN DENSE WHITE STREAKS ALONG THE DIRECTION OF THE WIND, ON THE WHOLE THE SURFACE OF THE SEA TAKES A WHITE APPEARANCE. THE ROLLING OF THE SEA	10	STORM	48 - 55	48 50 51.5 52 54	44 49 52 54 59	71 78 83 87 95	90 99 106 110 121	7.5-26.0 7.5-27.0 8.0-28.2 8.0-28.5 8.0-29.5	19.4	13.8 14.3 14.7 14.8 15.4	650 700 736 750 810	1250 1420 1560 1610 1800	63 69 73 75 81
	PECOMES REAVY AND SHOCK-CIRE. VISIBILITY IS AFFECTED. EXCEPTIONALLY HIGH WAVES (SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED SHIPS MIGHT FOR A LONG TIME BE LOST TO VIEW BEHIND THE WAVES). THE SEA IS COMPLETELY COVERED WITH LONG WHITE PATCHES OF FOAM LYING ALONG THE DIRECTION OF THE WIND. EVERYWHERE THE EDGES OF THE WAVE CRESTS ARE BLOWN INTO FROTH. VISIBILITY AFFECTED.	11	VIOLENT STORM	56 - 63	56 59.5	73	103	130	8.5-31.0 10.0-32.0	22.6	16.3	910 965	2100 2500	101
	AIR FILLED WITH FOAM AND SPRAY. SEA COMPLETELY WHITE WITH DRIVING SPRAY; VISIBILITY VERY SERIOUSLY AFFECTED.	12	HURRICANE	64+	>64	>60	>126	>164	101(35)	(26)	(18)	~	_	~

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APPENDIX VI

REFERENCES USED TO DEVELOP THE TRAMAN

NOTE: Although the following references were current when this TRAMAN was published, their continued currency cannot be assured. When consulting these references, keep in mind that they may have been revised to reflect new technology or revised methods, practices, or procedures. You therefore need to ensure that you are studying the latest references.

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